



Under the canopy:
macroinvertebrate associations with
microhabitats and rocky reef complexity.

Jacqueline B Pocklington, Timothy D O'Hara, Michael J Keough, Stephen Hawkins, Stuart Jenkins, and Alecia Bellgrove



IN PREP



or...SNAILS ON STUFF

Jacqueline B Pocklington, Timothy D O'Hara, Michael J Keough, Stephen Hawkins, Stuart Jenkins, and Alecia Bellgrove



IN PREP

Perennial intertidal Furoid canopies



Pocklington *et al* Diversity 2019, 11:79.



Pocklington *et al* 2018 JMBA 98(4):687-698.



13th Beach

(Victoria Australia)



Hannafore Point

(Southern England)

REEF COMPLEXITY

13th Beach – Victoria AUS



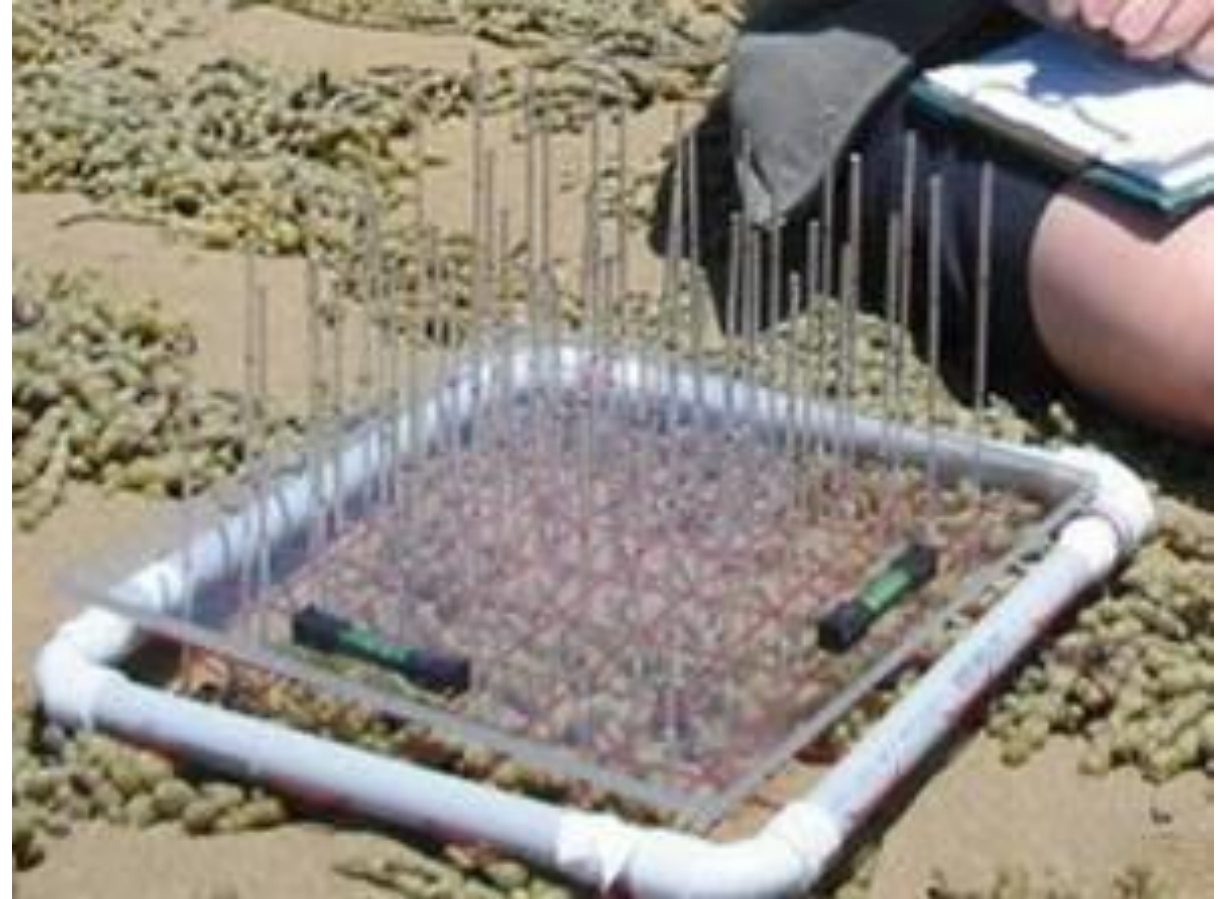
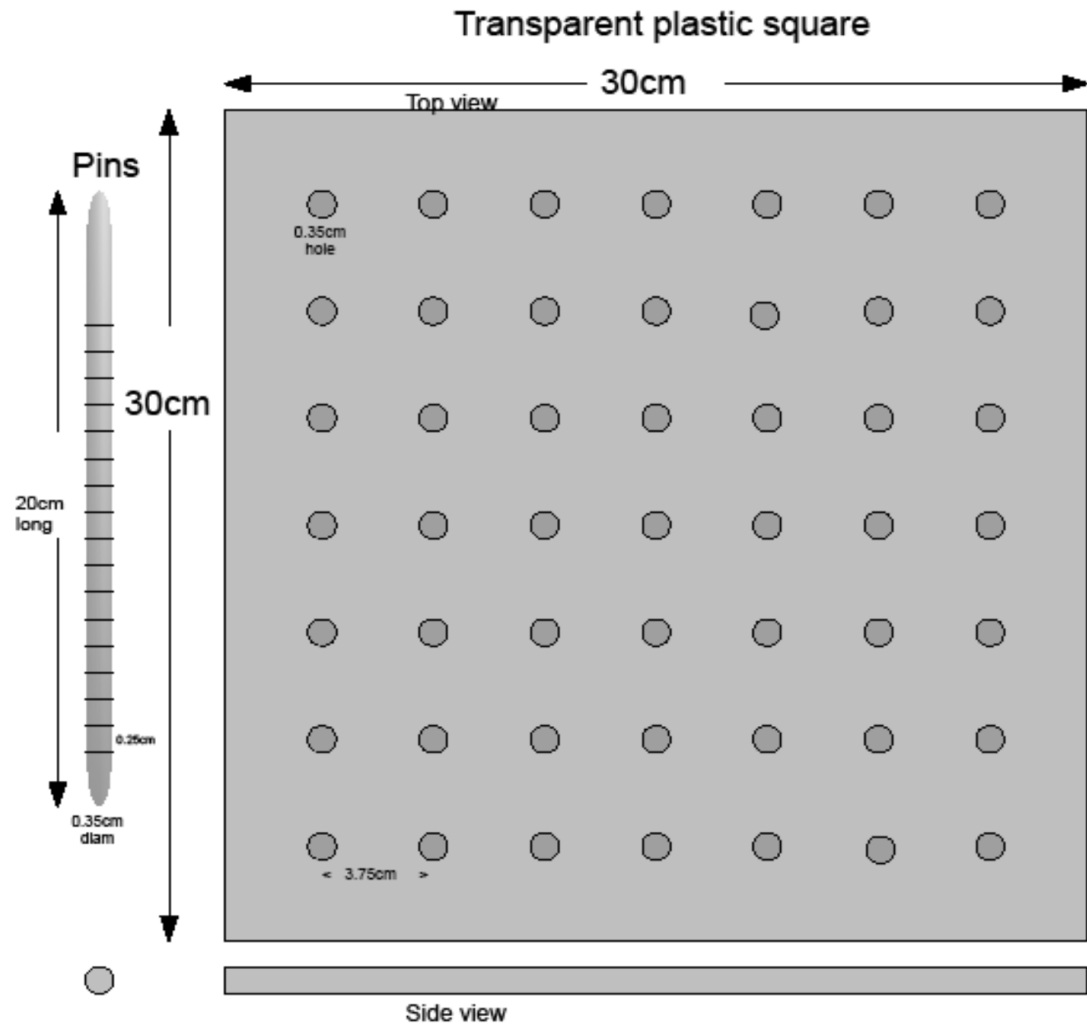
Bridgewater Bay – Victoria AUS



Hannafore Point – Southern England



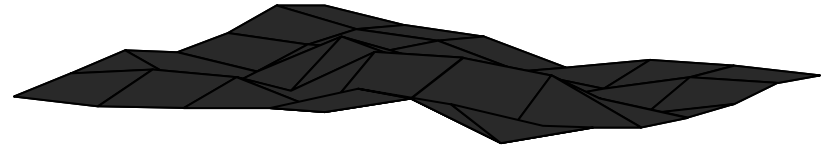
METHOD



IN PREP

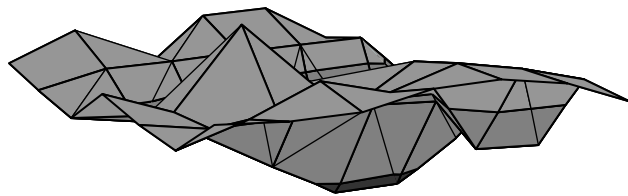
MAD = 0.4
No. depressions = 1.0
FLAT

BRIDGEWATER BAY



1.0
2.0
MODERATE

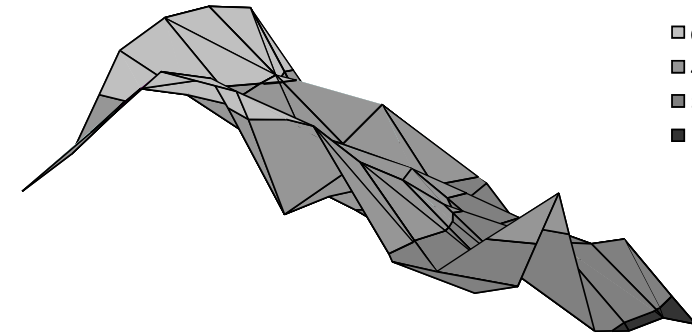
13TH BEACH



■ 16-20

2.0
1.0
COMPLEX

HANNAFORE POINT



■ 4-8
■ 8-12
■ 12-16

□ 0-4
■ 4-8
■ 8-12
■ 12-16

MAD high at Hannafore Point
No differences between canopy cover
= no interaction with canopy cover



SPECIES (GROUPS) VARYING WITH MICROTOPOGRAPHY

Site	Species	Day	Covariate	F-ratio	p-value
Bridgewater Bay (Aus) (Experiment Site)	<i>Dicathais orbita</i> (1/5)	248	MAD	5.975	0.025
	Anemones (Pooled) (1/5)	1	#DEP	4.804	0.042
	<i>Siphonaria diemenensis</i> (1/5)	5	#DEP	5.161	0.036
13 th Beach (Aus) (Experiment Site)	<i>Dicathais orbita</i> (1/8)	15	MAD	6.265	0.022
	Limpets (Pooled) (2/8)	0	MAD	9.345	0.007
		5	MAD	19.492	0.0001
	<i>Bembicium nanum</i> (4/8)	15	MAD	15.571	0.001
		32	#DEP	5.749	0.028
		48	#DEP	4.659	0.045
		88	#DEP	5.756	0.027
	<i>Chlorodiloma adelaidae</i> (1/8)	5	#DEP	4.537	0.047



Note: Only *Chlorodiloma adelaidae* more abundant in full canopies Pocklington et al. 2019

UK = ns



Snails on stuff not Seals on stuff!



Grey Seal, Farnes Islands, NE England



Leopard Seal, Victoria AUS

MICROHABITATS

Sorrento Back Beach – Victoria AUS



Point Roadknight – Victoria AUS



Batten Bay – Southern England



Looe - Southern England

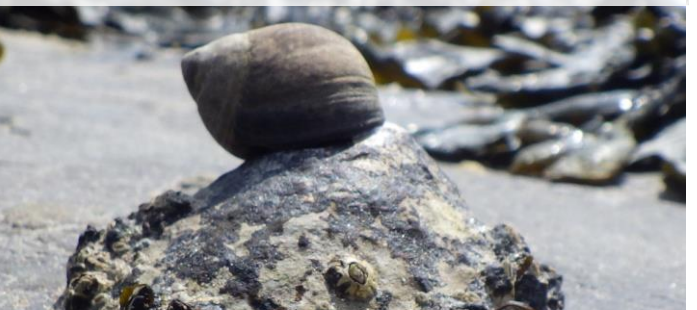




Crevices



Small pits



Bare rock - horizontal

Microhabitat types

- Canopy (frond)
- Holdfast
- Bare rock (Horizontal)
- Bare Rock (Vertical)
- Crevices
- Small pits (AUS)
- Mussels (AUS)
- Turf algae (AUS)
- Sand (AUS)



Bare rock - vertical

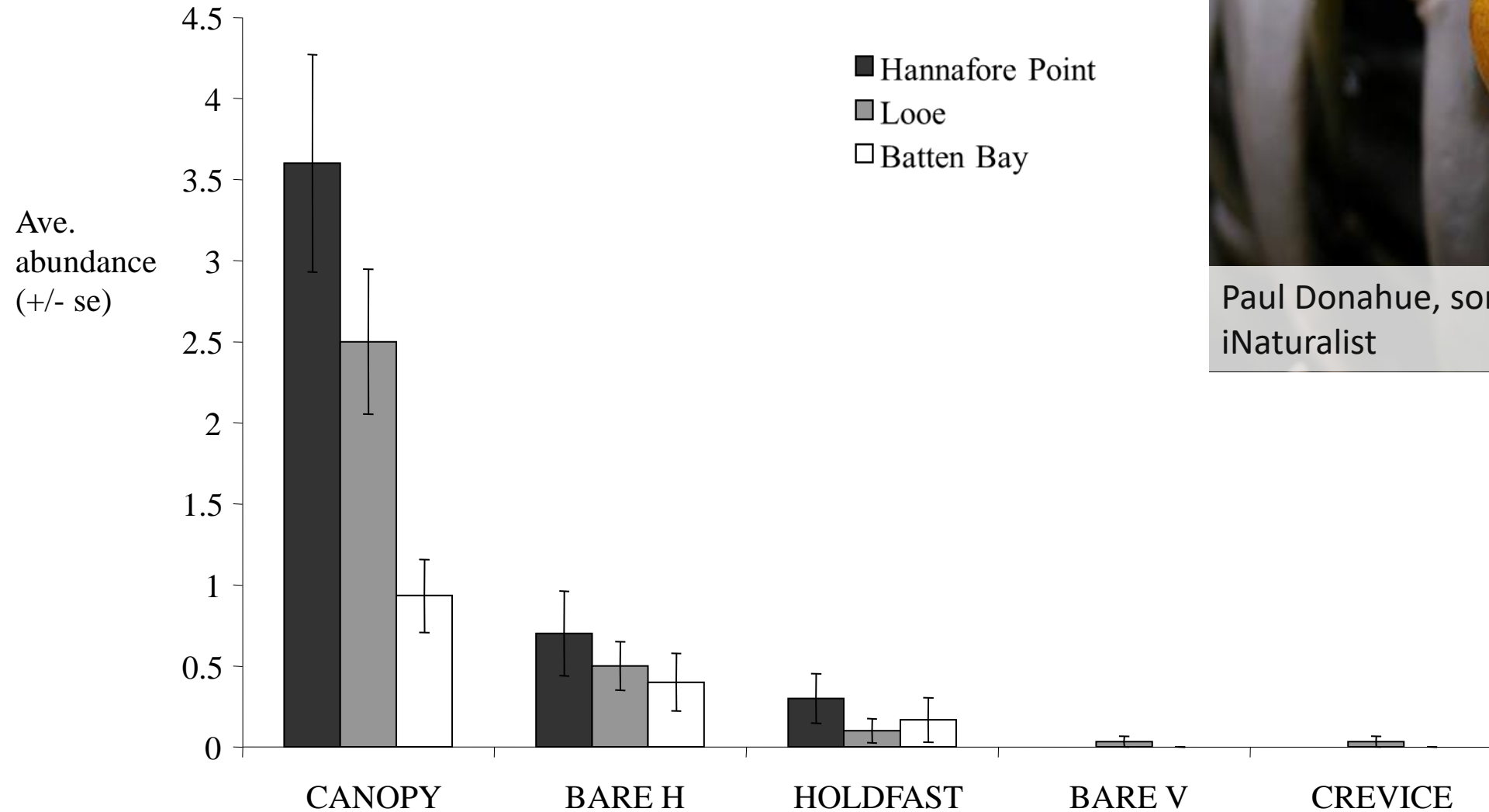


Canopy/frond

Littorina obtusata

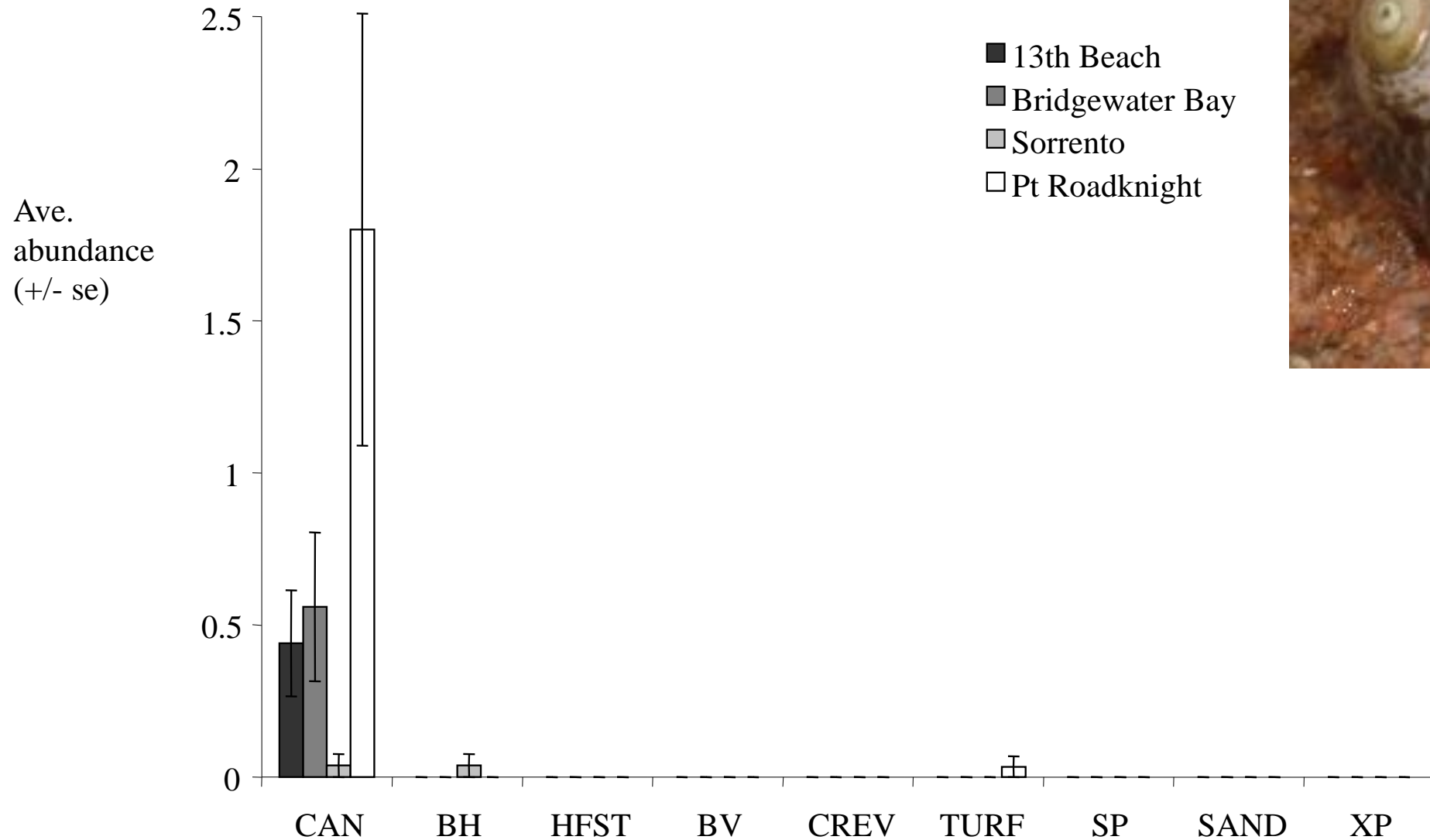


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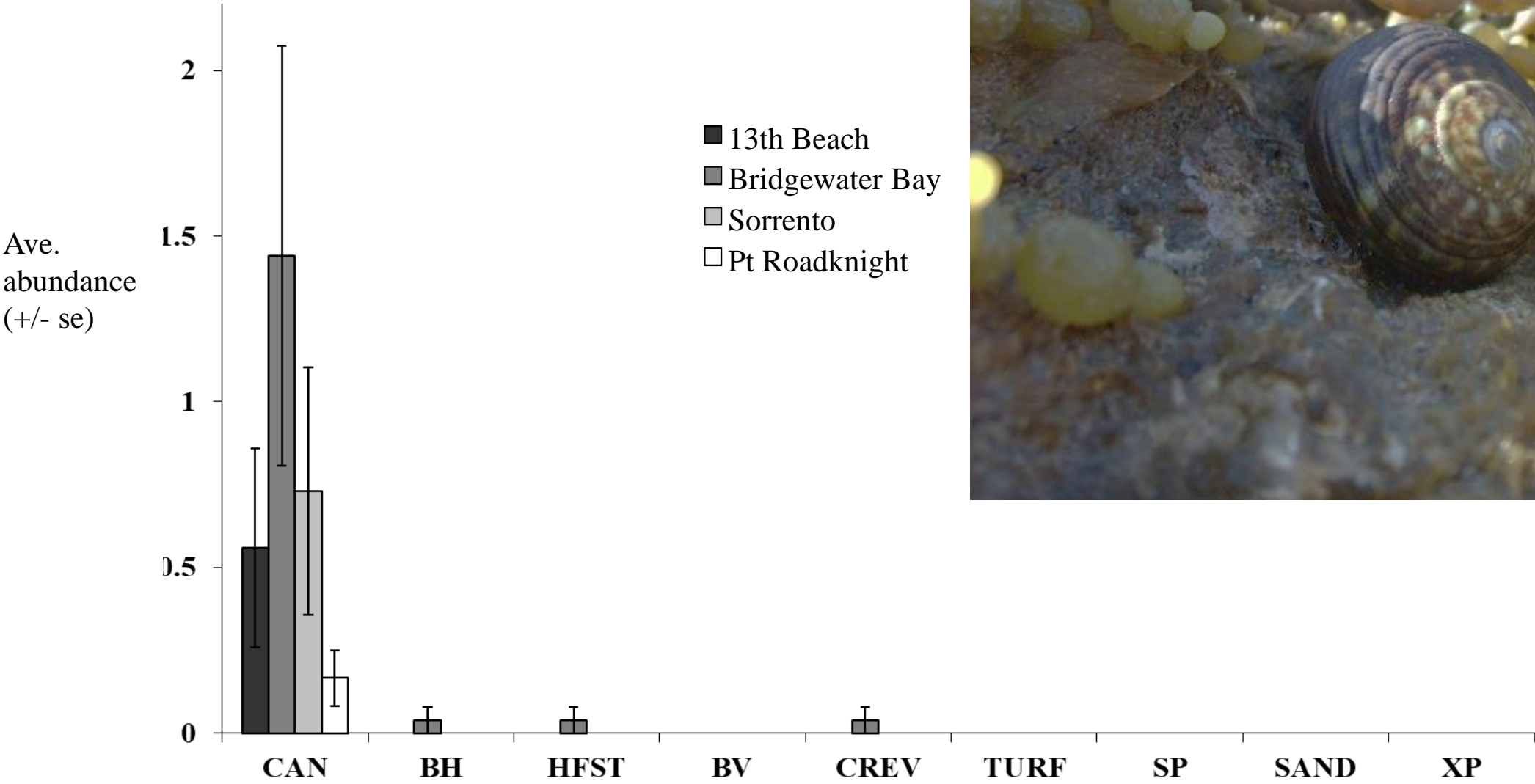


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Chlorodiloma adelaidae

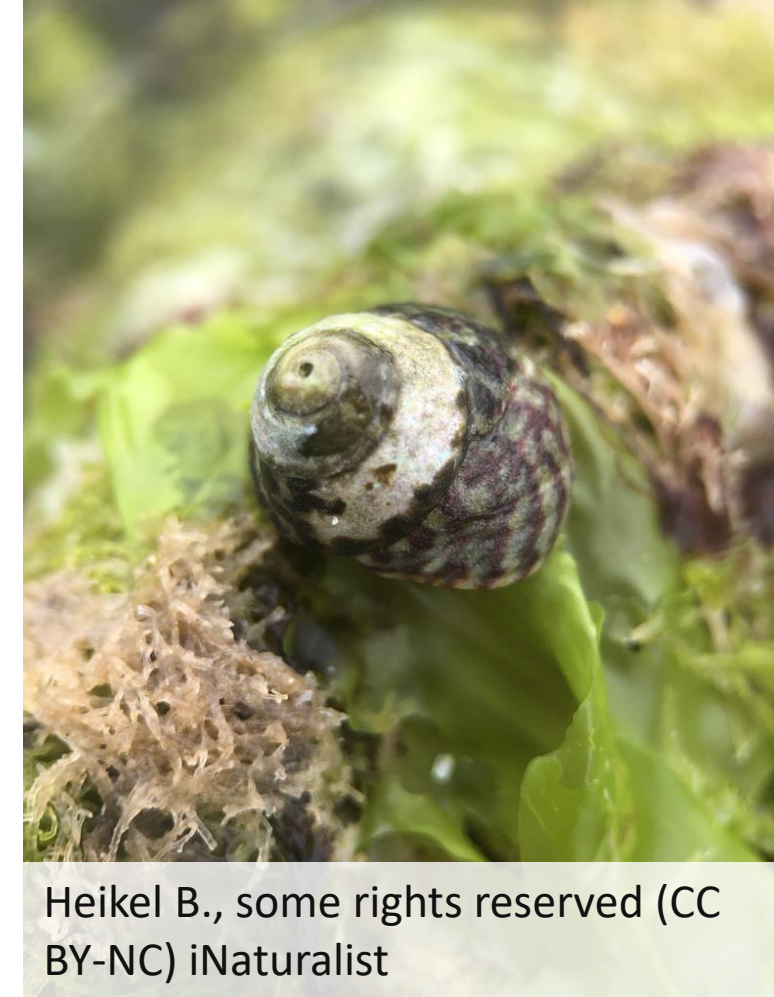
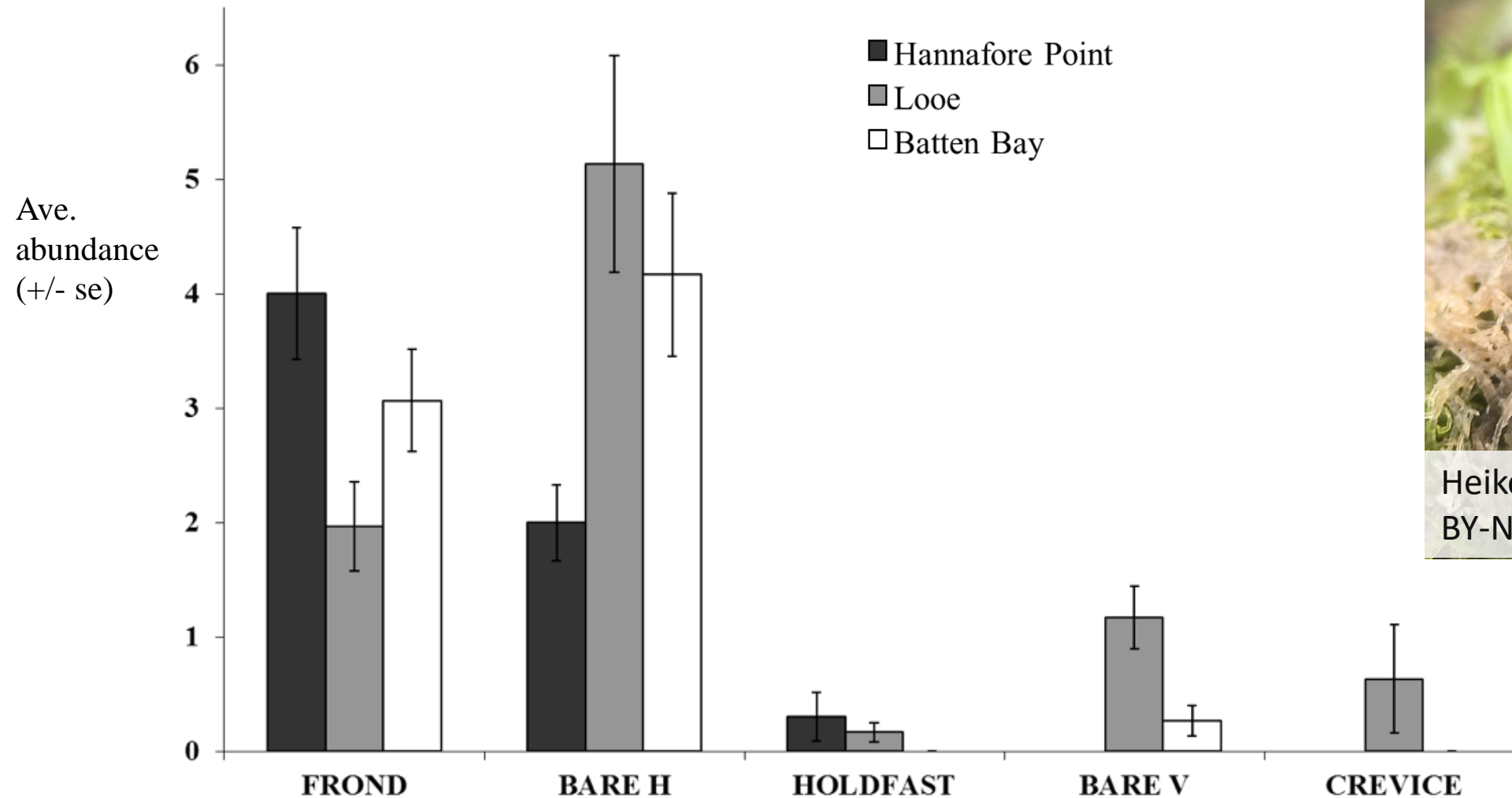


Lunella (Turbo) undulata

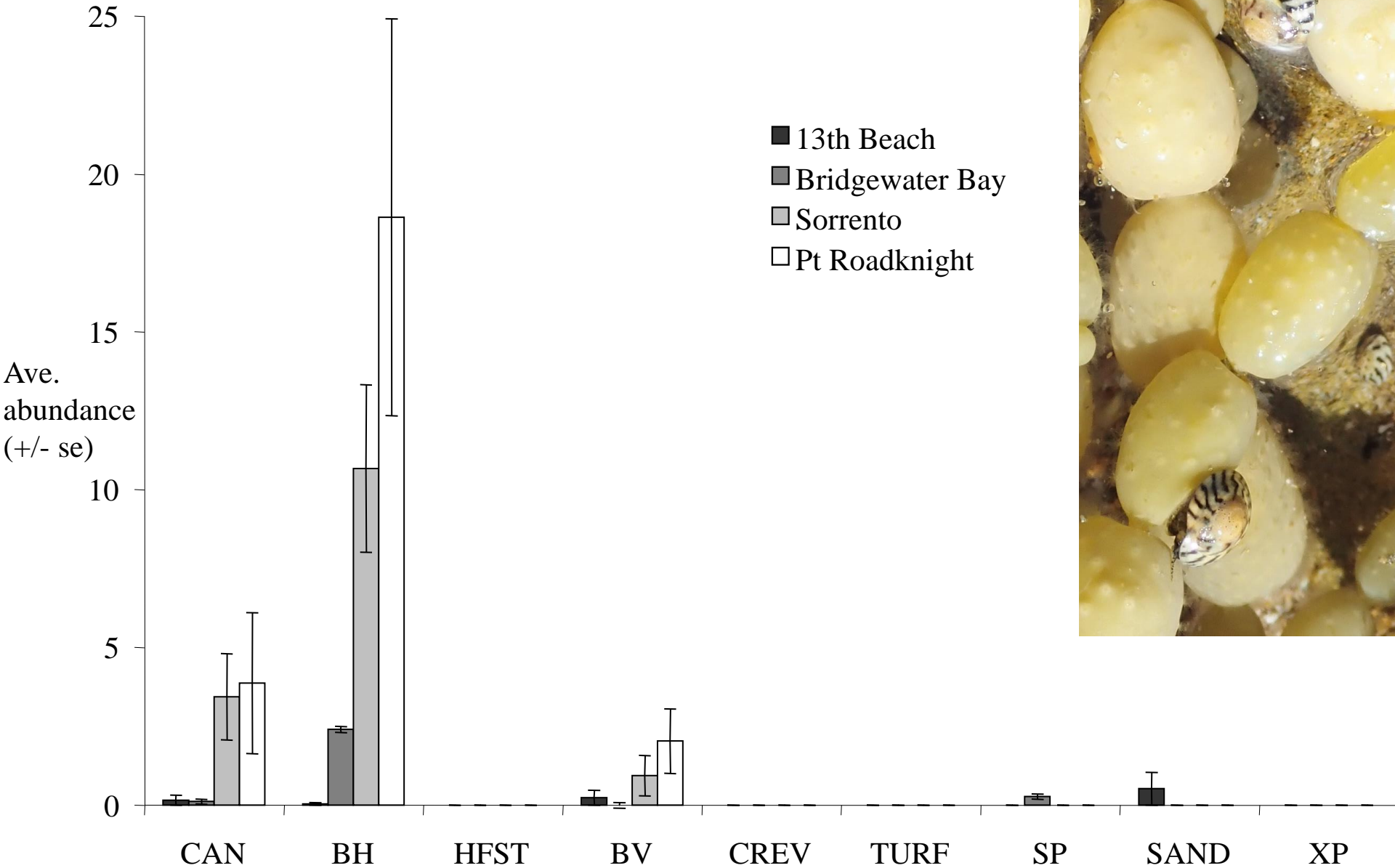


IN PREP

Steromphala (Gibbula) umbilicalis



Bembicium nanum



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CONCLUSIONS

- Canopy associated species often rely on the canopy structure as a microhabitat
- Microtopography doesn't alter response of invertebrates to canopy loss in UK, though may explain some of the species preferences of species not strongly associated with full canopies on VIC rocky shores
- *Hormosira banksii* and *Ascophyllum nodosum* important Autogenic Ecosystem Engineers with specific assemblages.



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