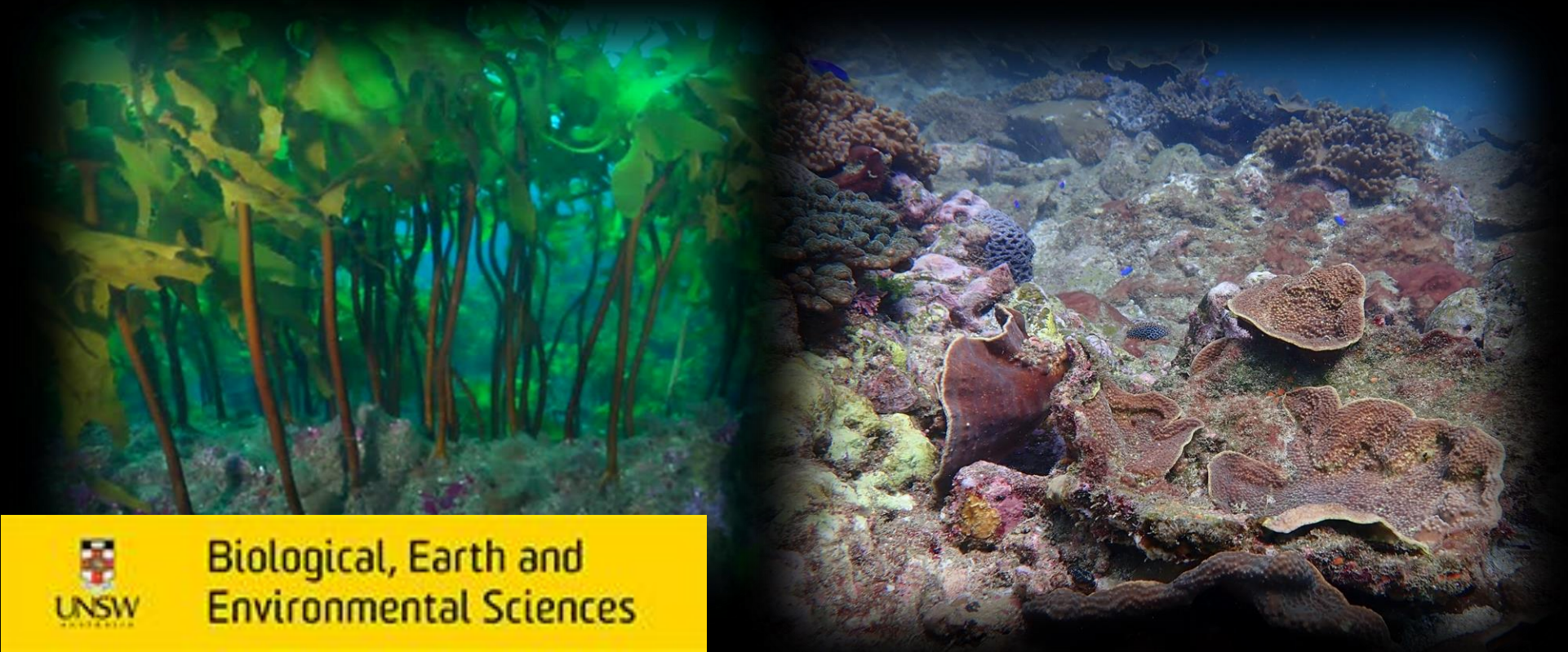


Temporal shifts in fish functional diversity in tropicalized reefs are similar to cross-shelf spatial changes

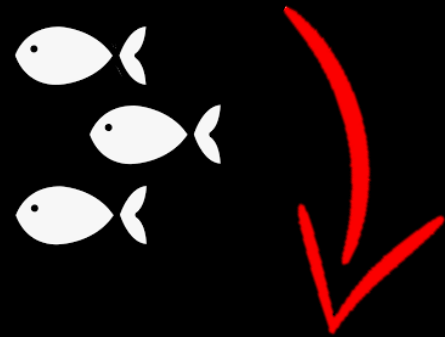
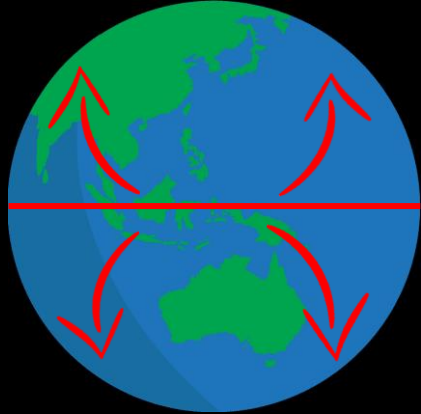
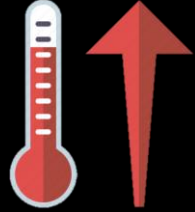
M. Paula Sgarlatta

Camille Magneville, Sébastien Villéger, Hamish Malcolm, Iain Suthers & Adriana Vergés

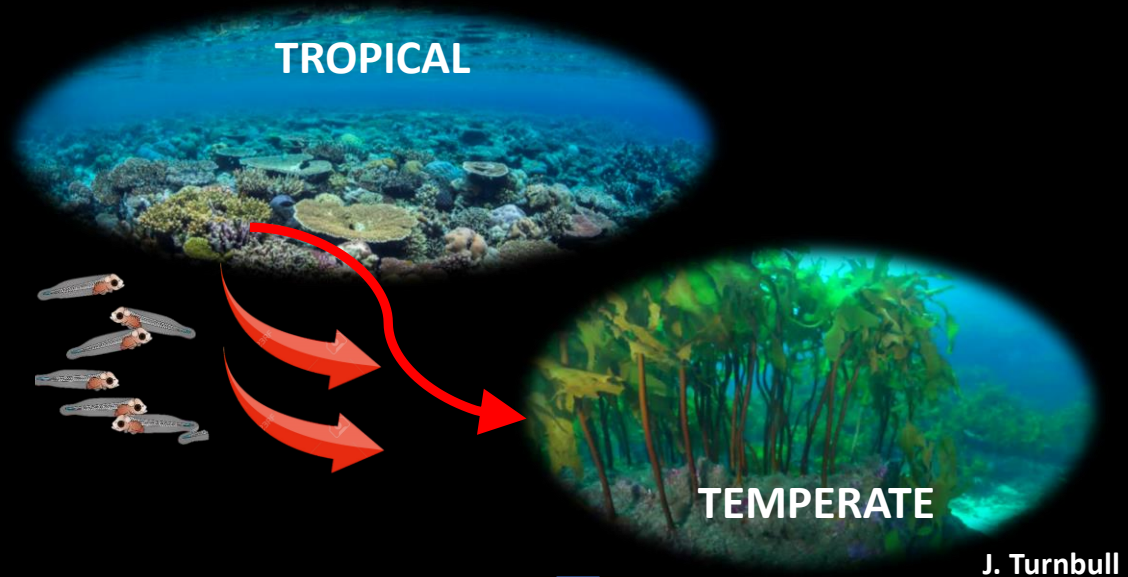


Biological, Earth and
Environmental Sciences

Climate change - redistribution of species



Species are moving faster in the ocean than on land

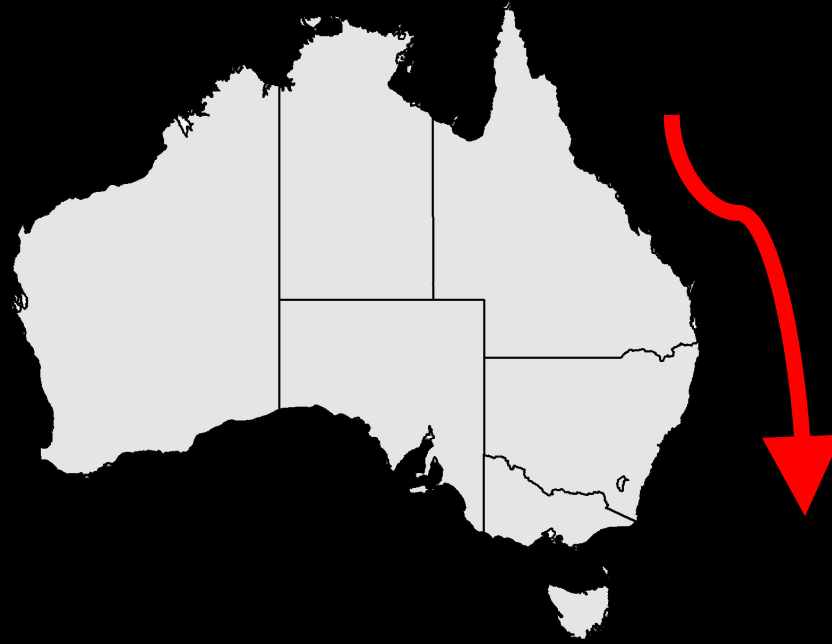


↓
New interactions

New tropicalized ecosystem

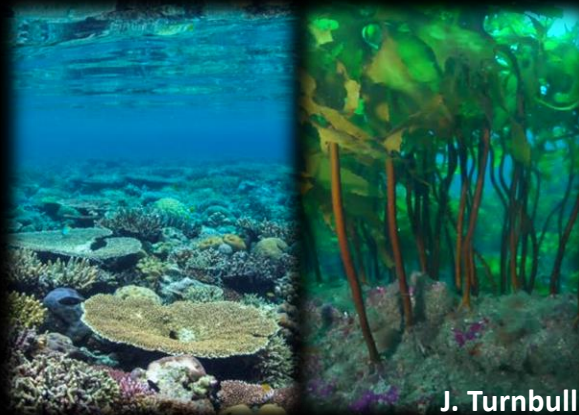


Species are moving faster in the ocean than on land



Major climate change hot-spot

New tropicalized ecosystem



J. Turnbull



Loss of kelp in the Solitary Islands



2002



2009



2011



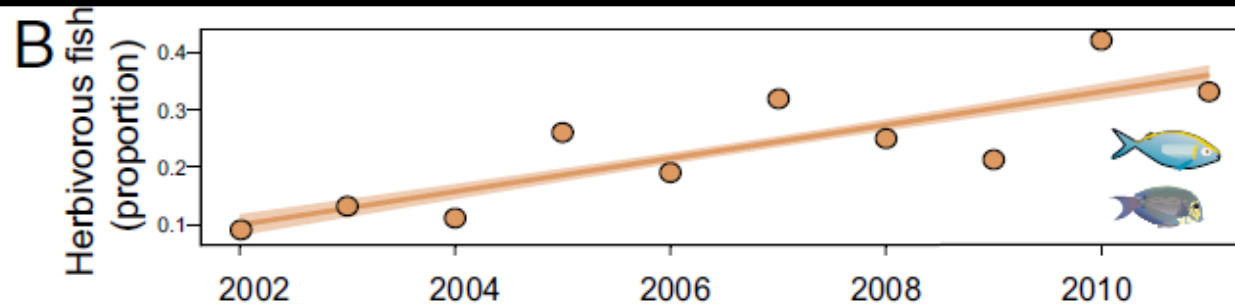
Loss of kelp in the Solitary Islands



2002

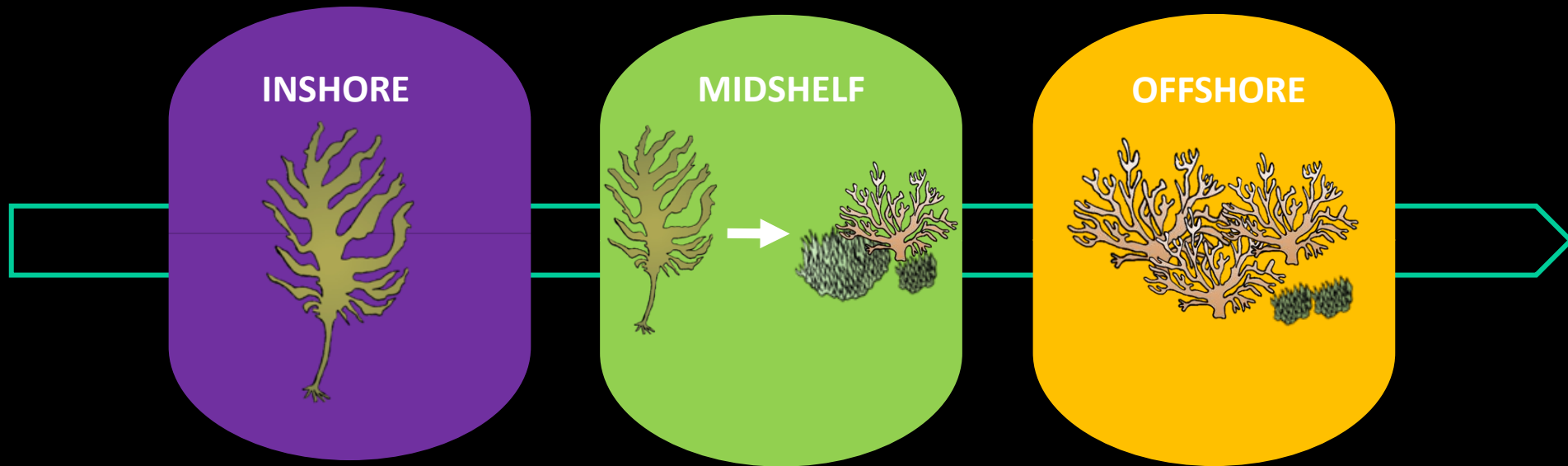
2009

2011



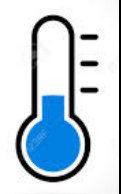
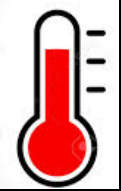
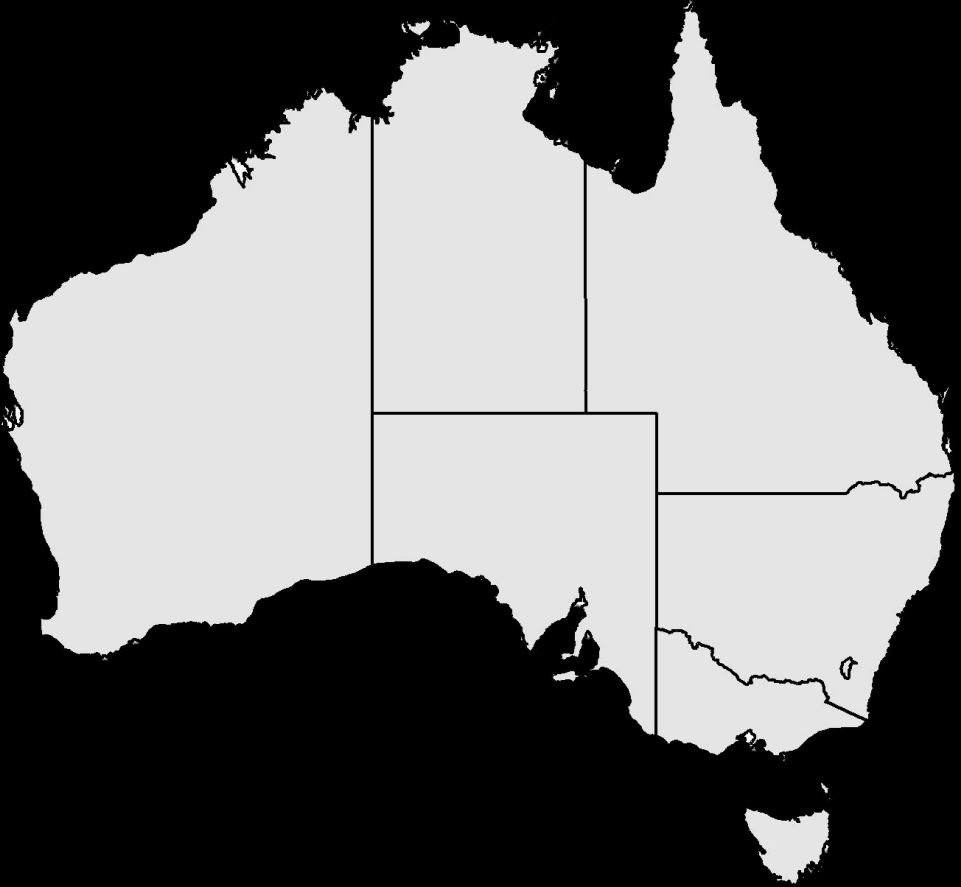


Solitary Islands – mix of tropical and temperate species

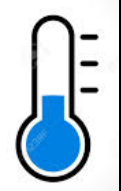
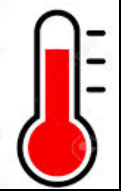
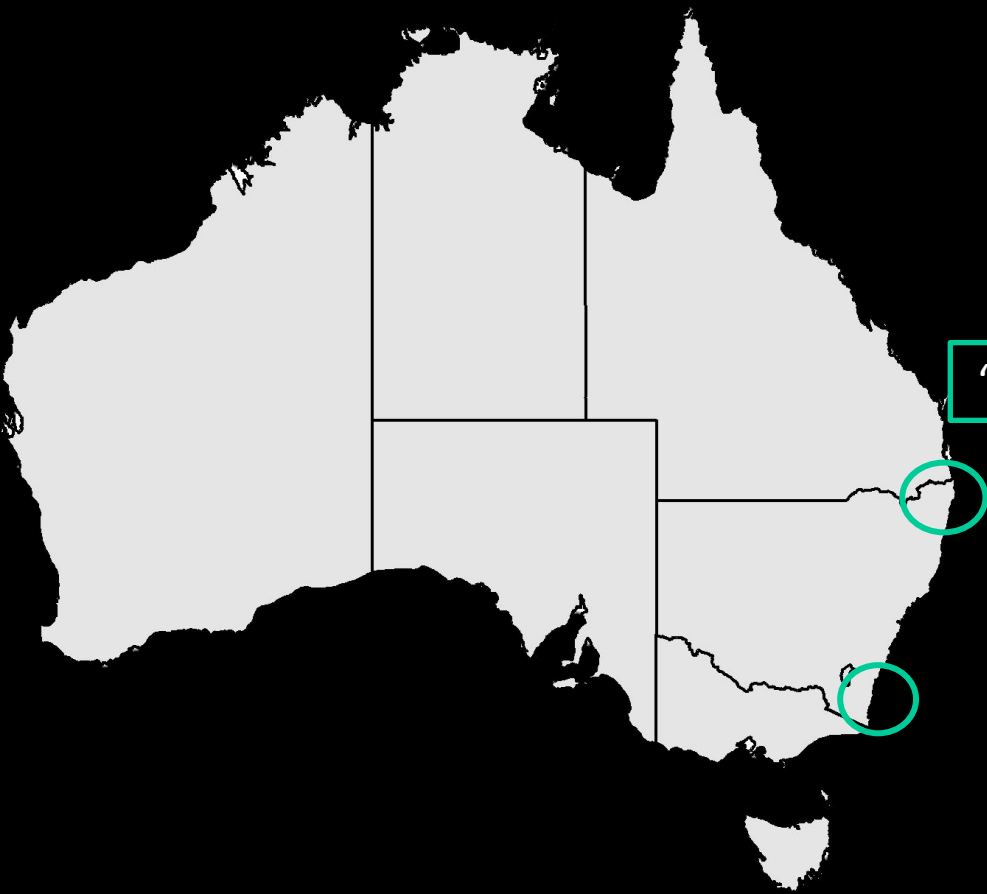


Drawings: Zuhairah Dindar

Space-for-time substitution to predict changes



Space-for-time substitution to predict changes

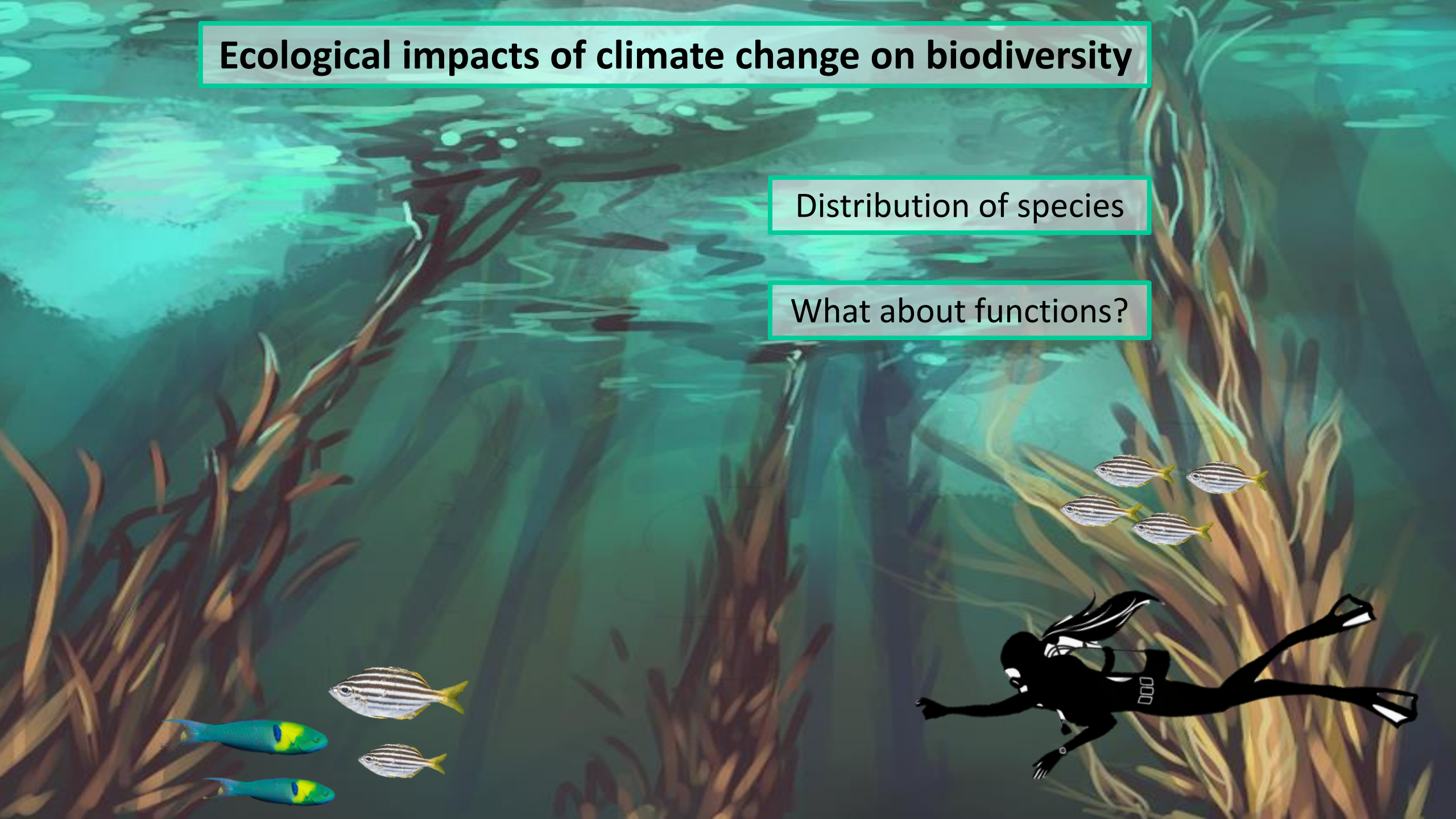


Space ~ time?

Ecological impacts of climate change on biodiversity

Distribution of species

What about functions?



Ecological impacts of climate change on biodiversity

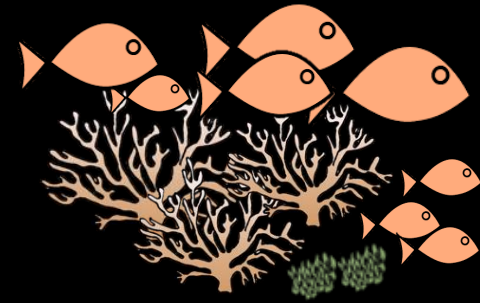
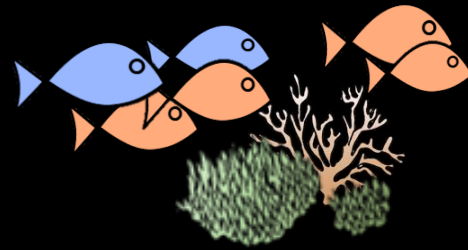
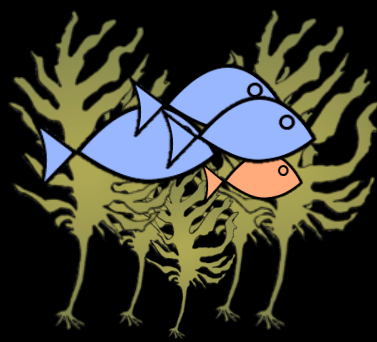
Distribution of species

What about functions?

Trait-based approaches



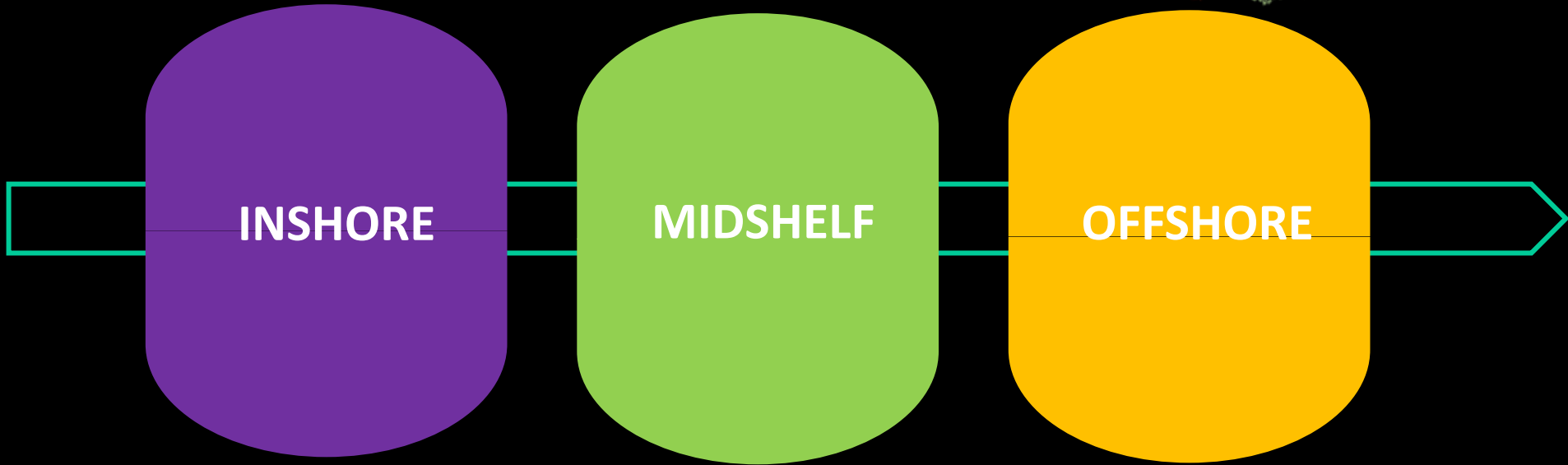
Changes in space



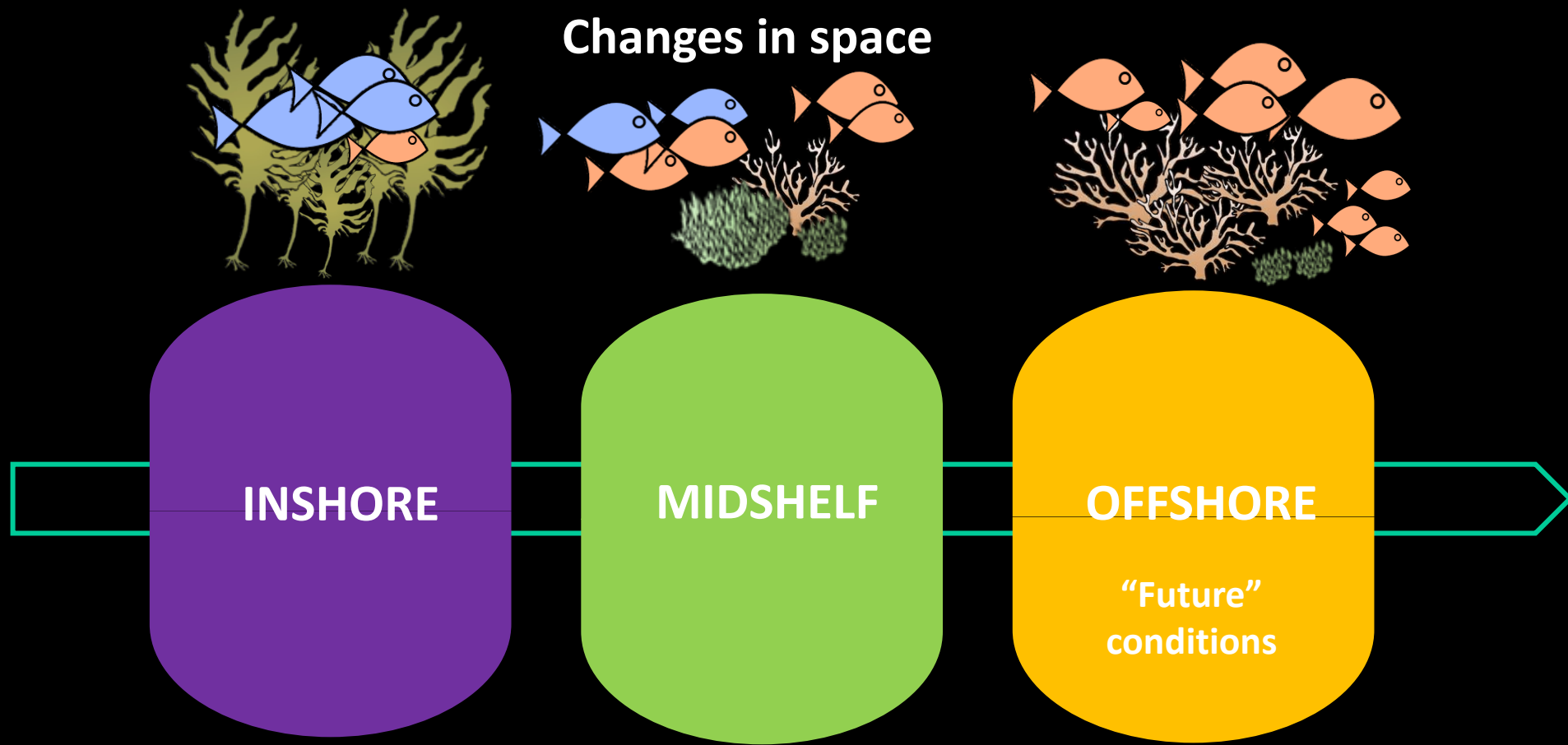
INSHORE

MIDSHELF

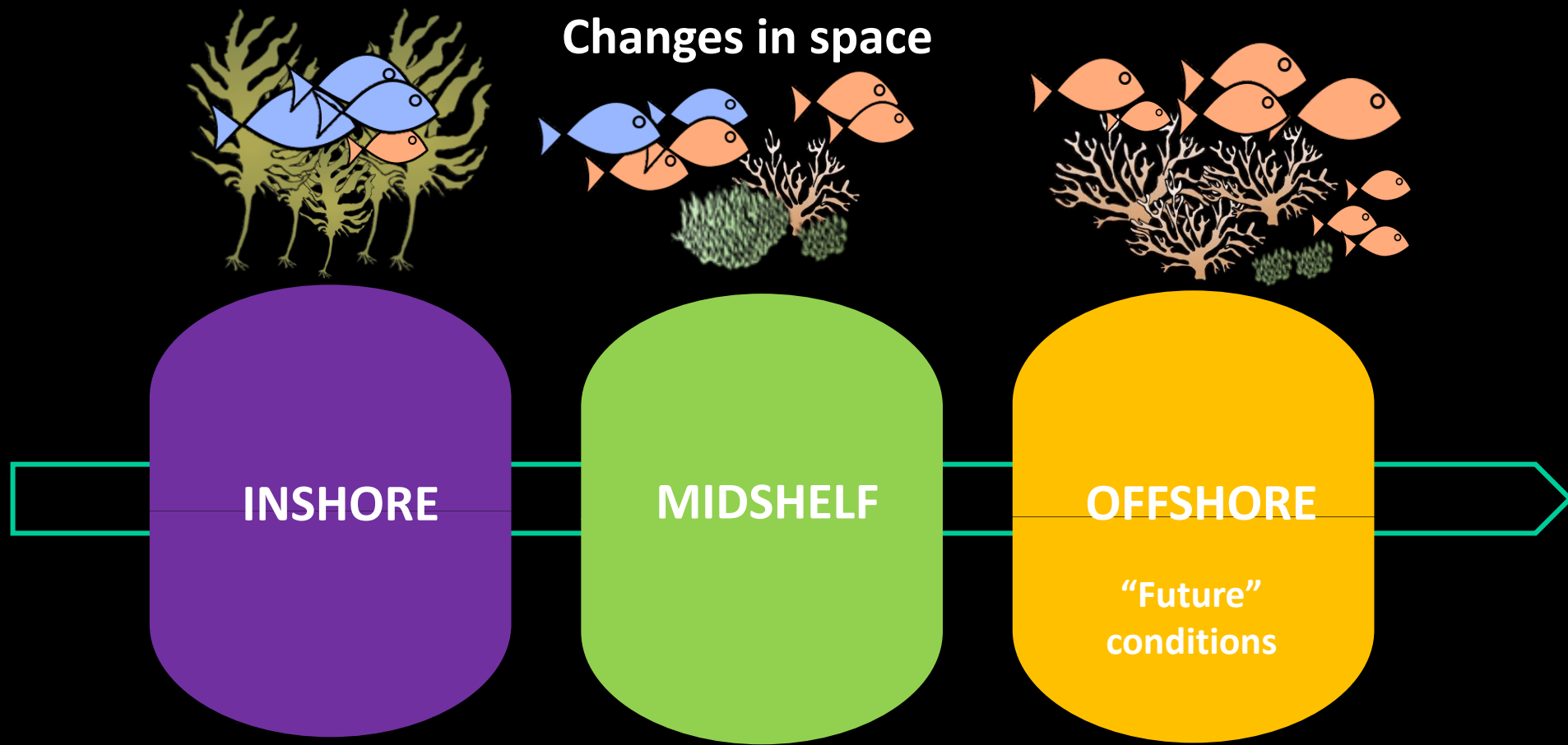
OFFSHORE



Changes in space

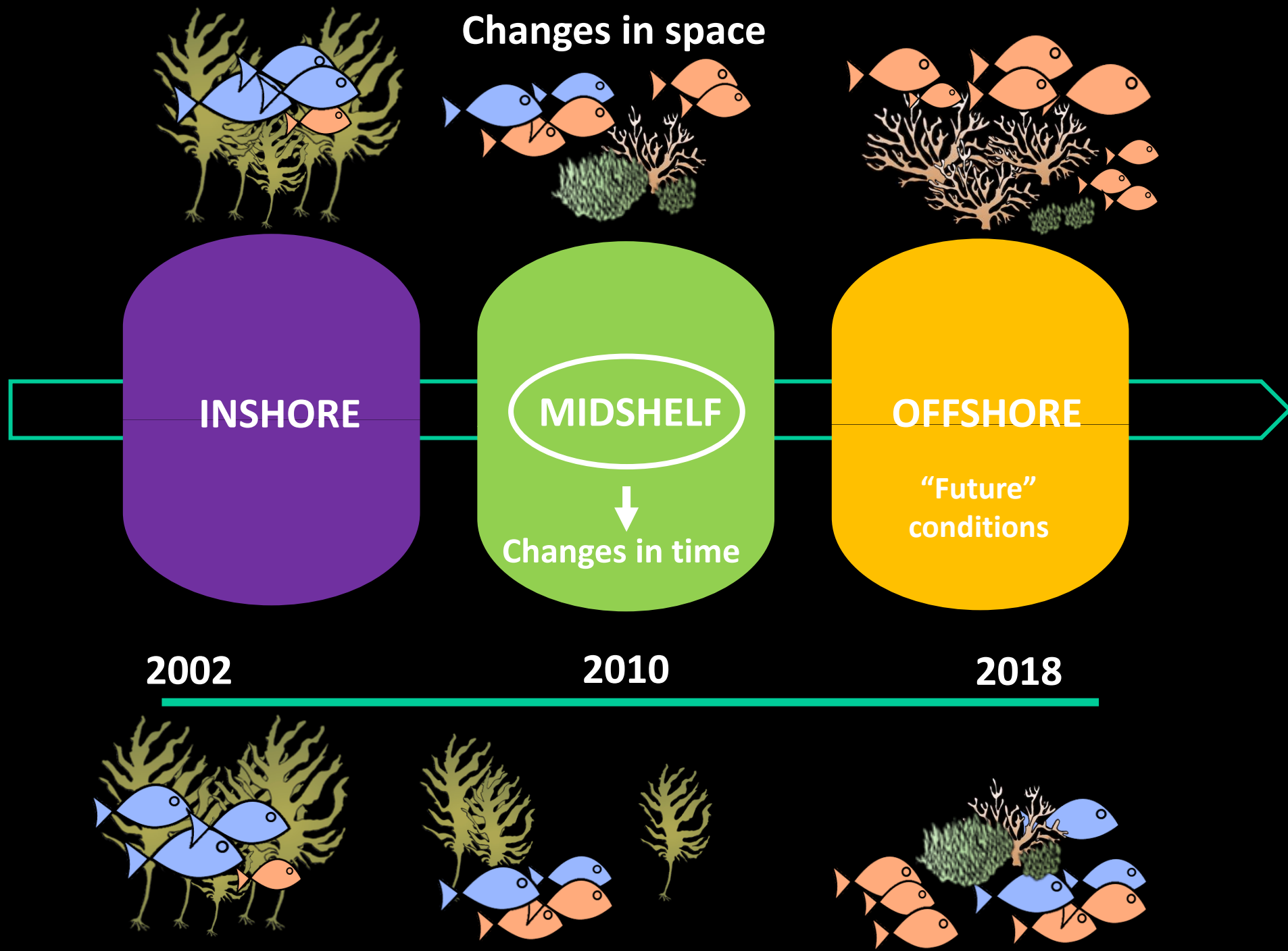


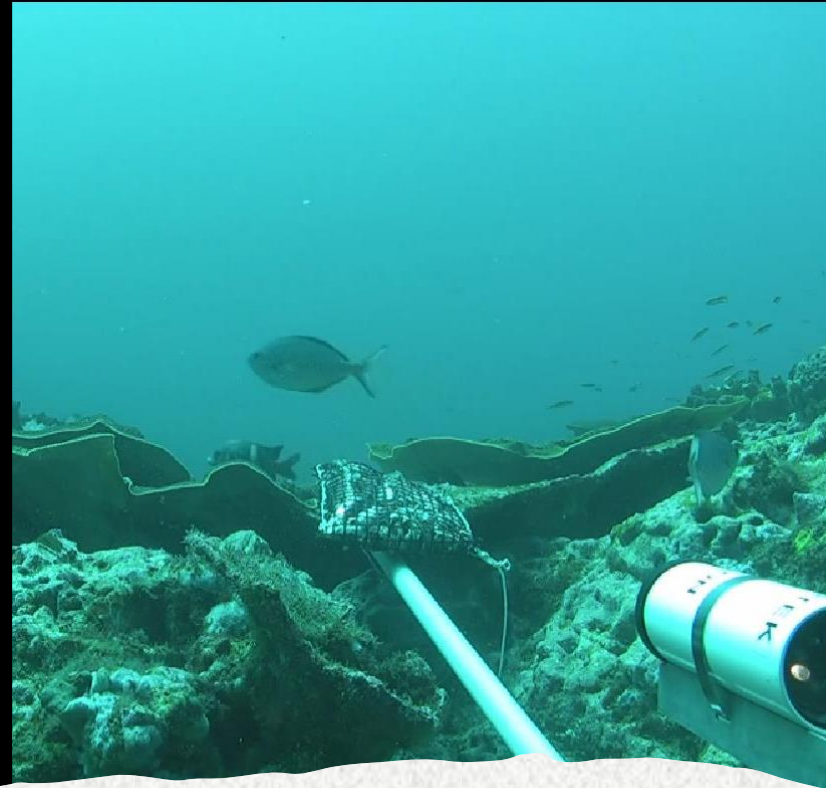
Can we use this cross-shelf gradient, from inshore to offshore, as a space for time substitution approach?



Can we use this cross-shelf gradient, from inshore to offshore, as a space for time substitution approach?

Limitations of this approach?

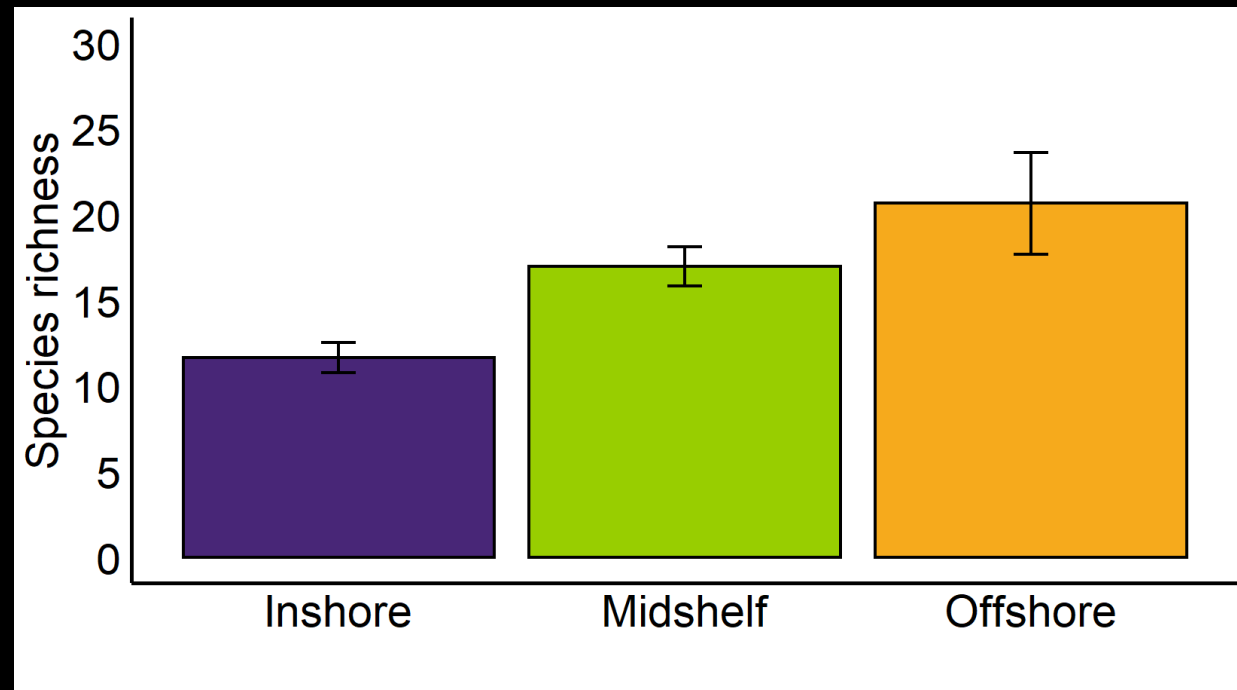
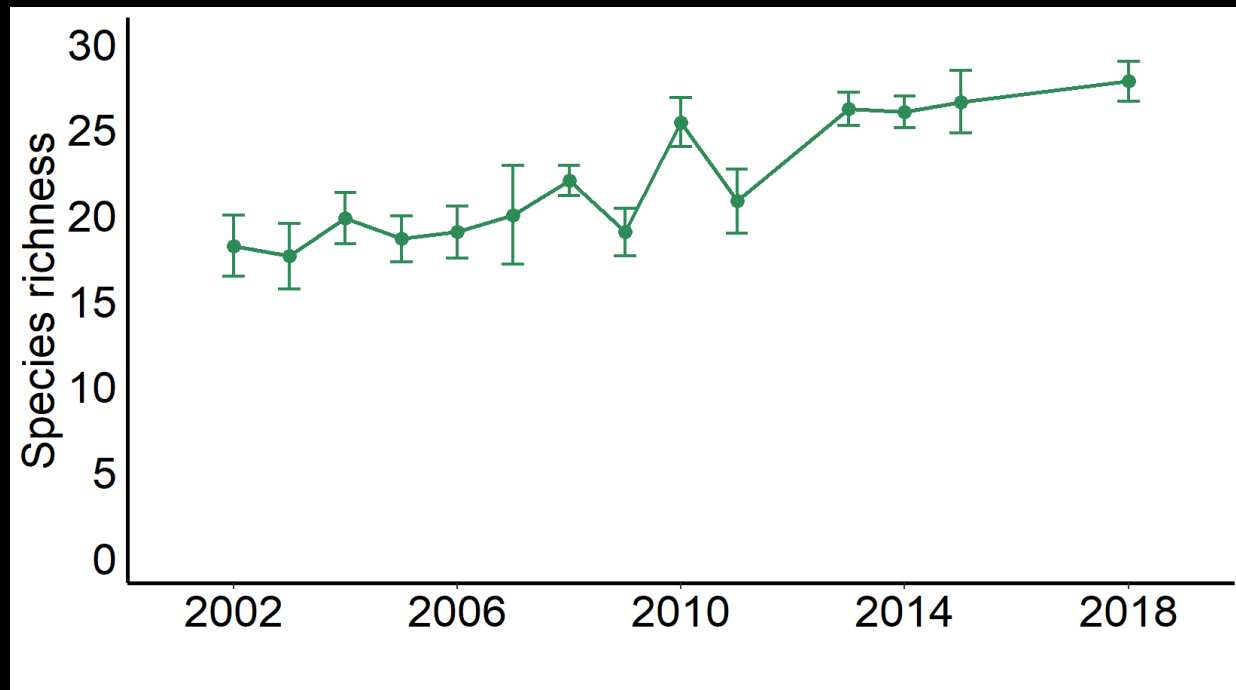




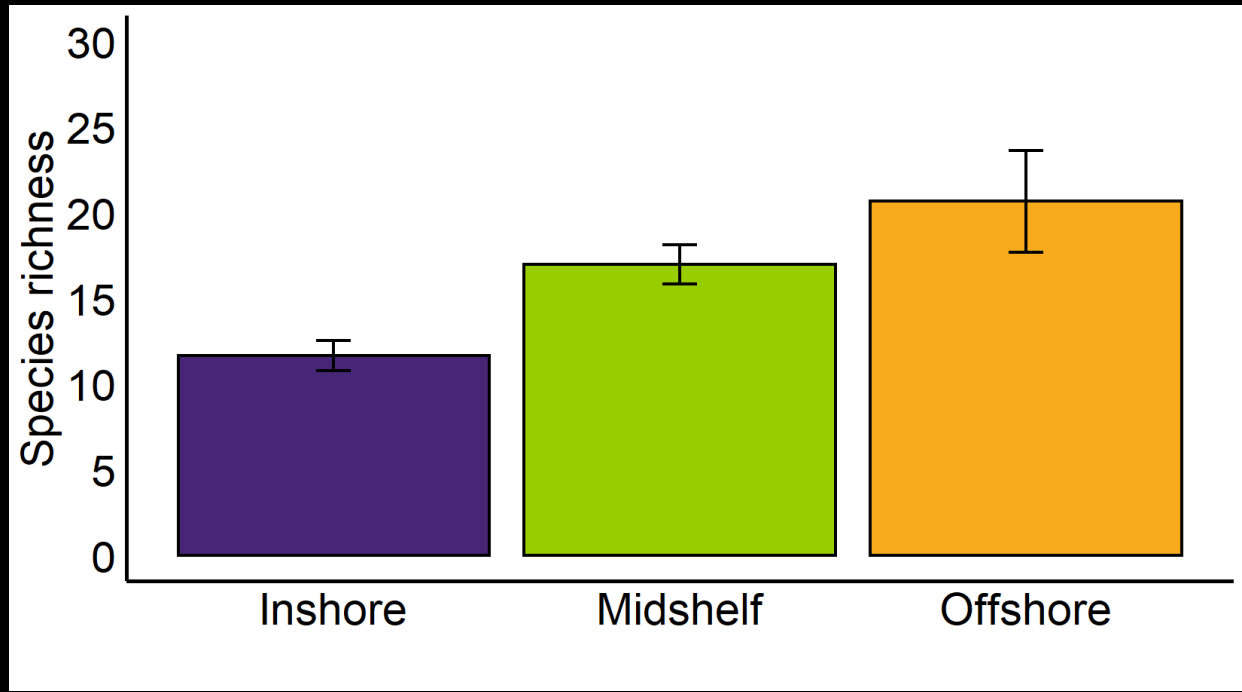
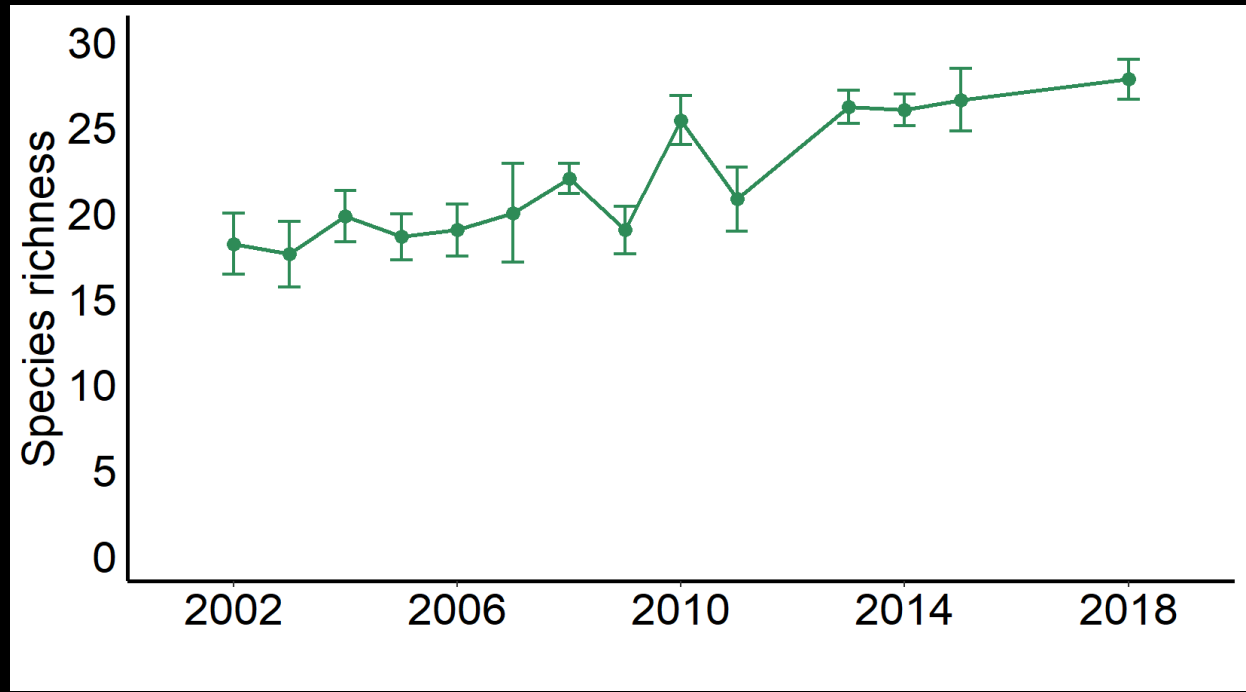
Aim

To understand how fish taxonomic and functional diversity are changing over time and space in tropicalized reefs.

Changes in species richness over time and space



Changes in species richness over time and space

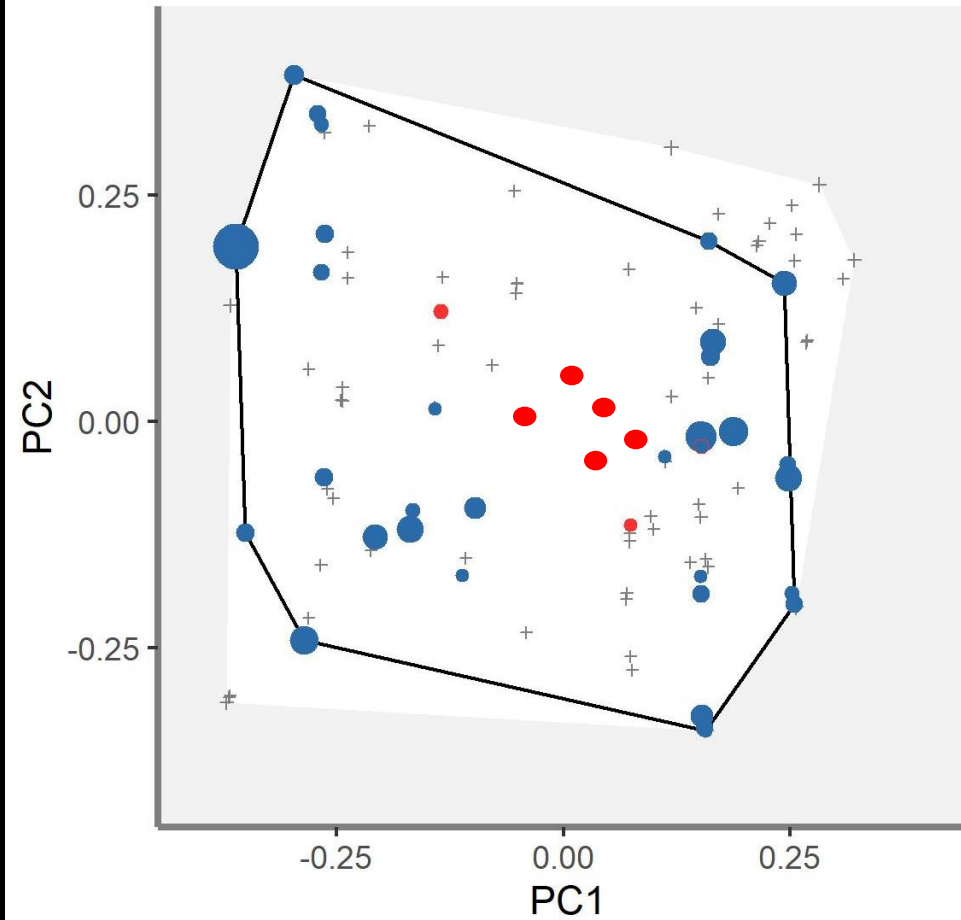


Increase ~ 2 times greater



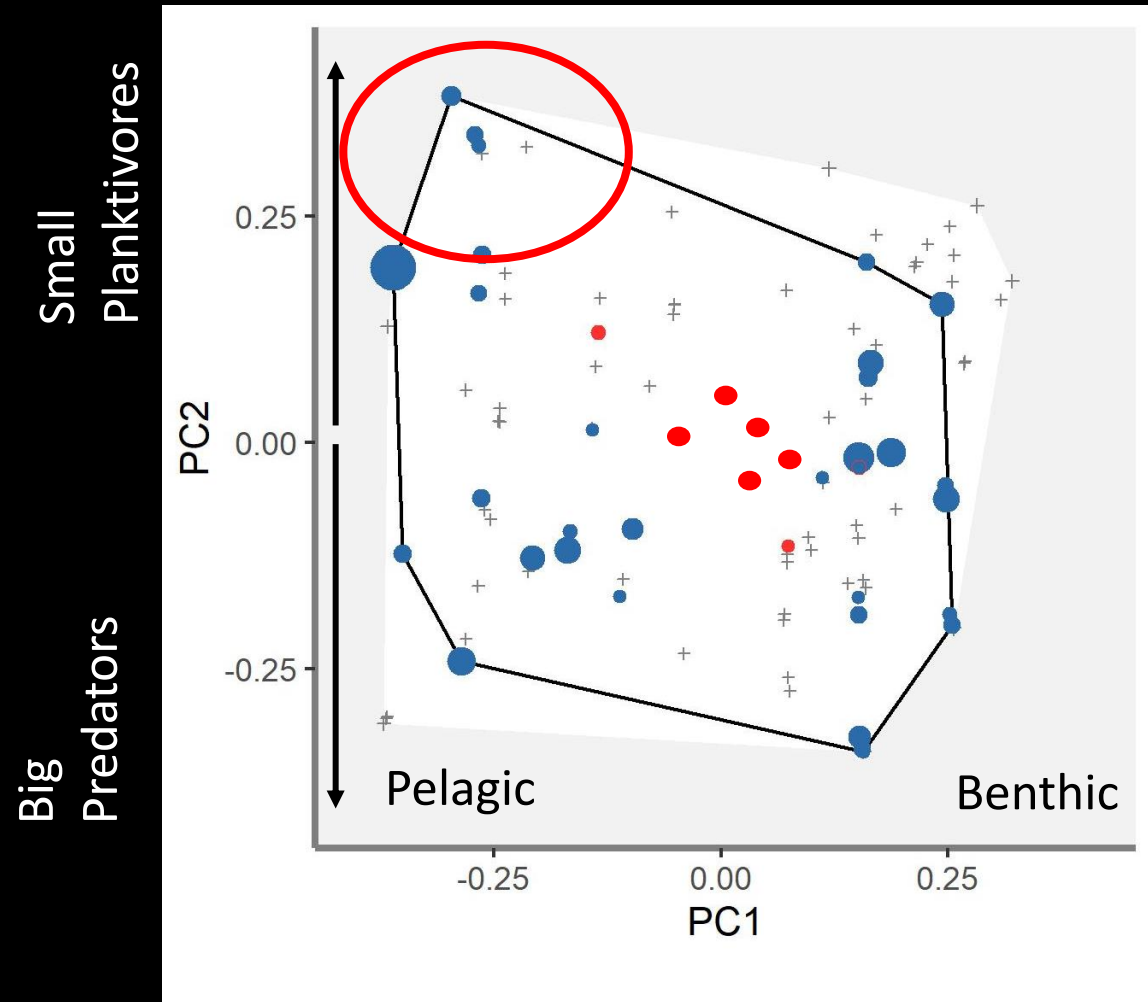
- Maximum length
- Common aggregation
- Vertical position
- Diet
- Maximum growth rate

Traits and functional space



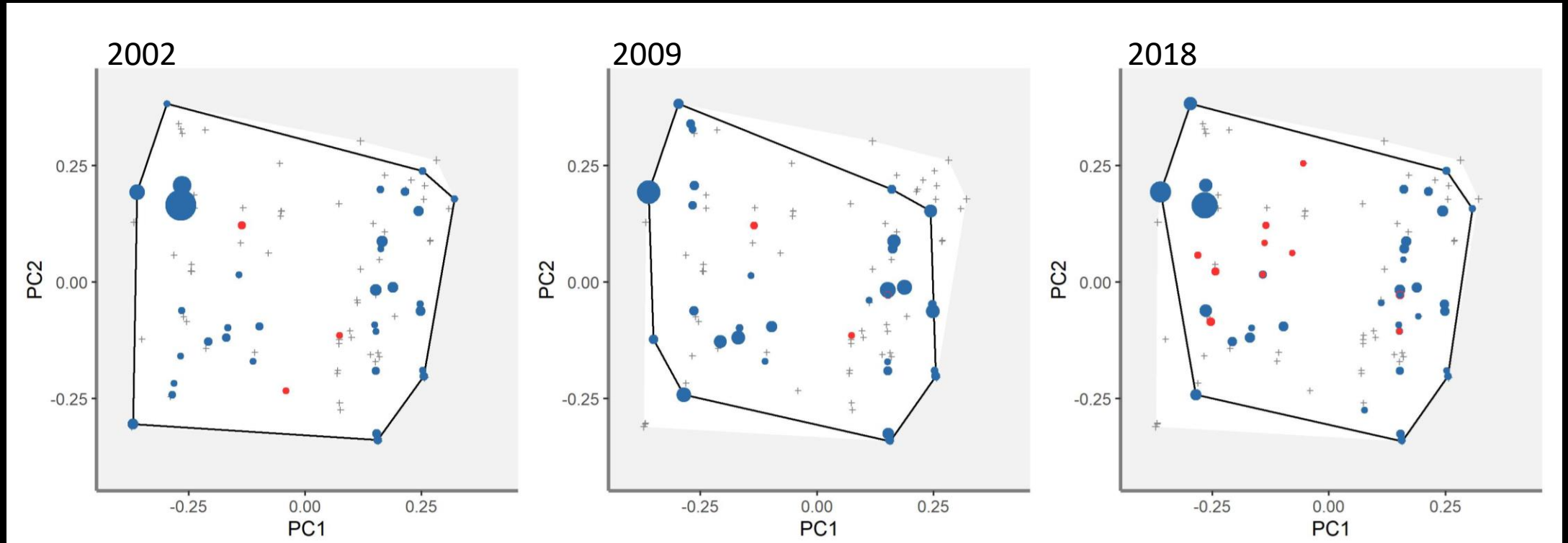
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Traits and functional space



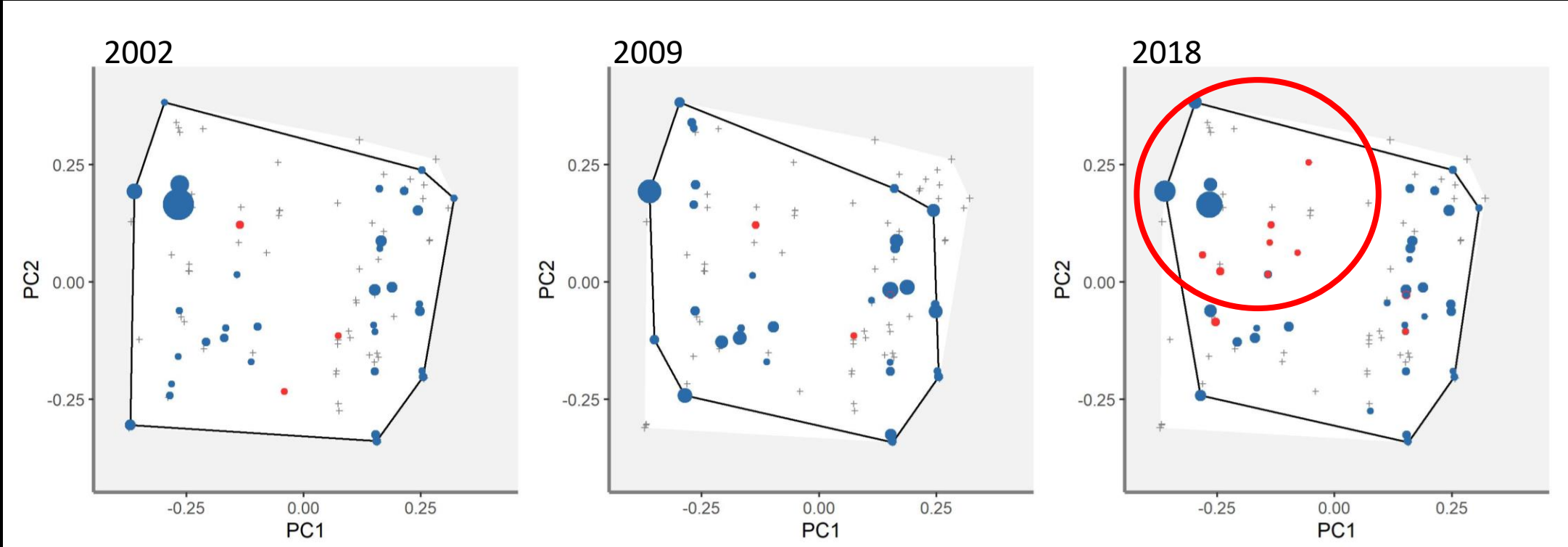


Functional richness

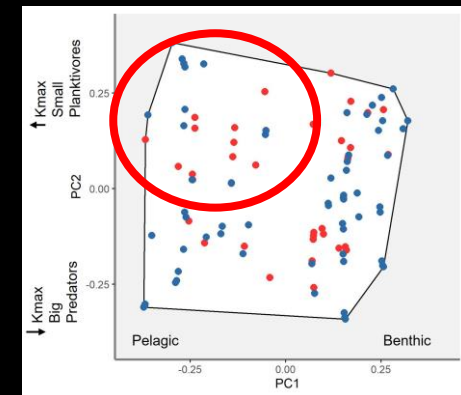




Functional richness

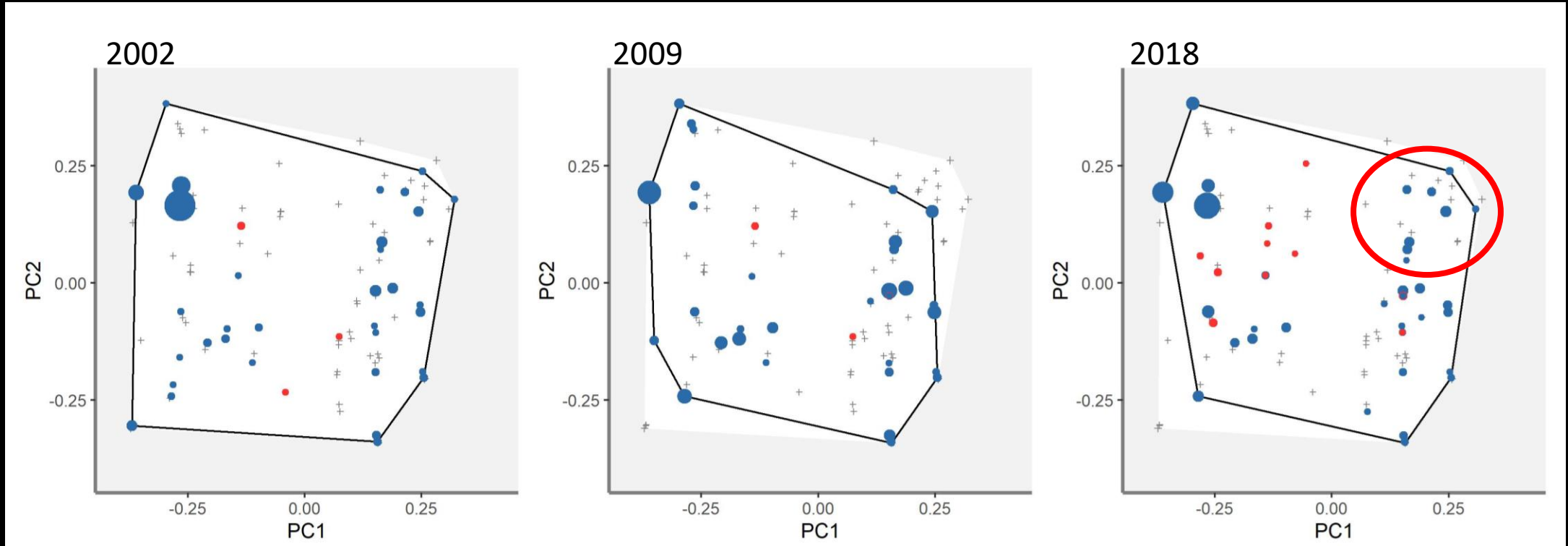


Small, planktivores, herbivores species



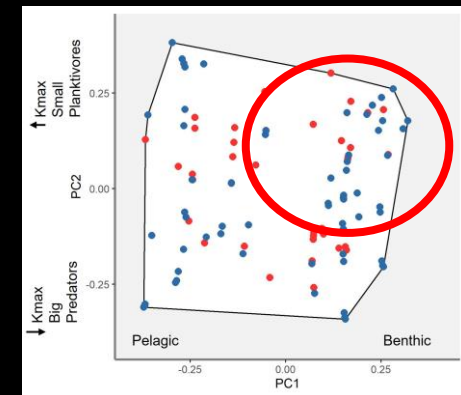


Functional richness



Small, planktivores, herbivores species

Invertivores





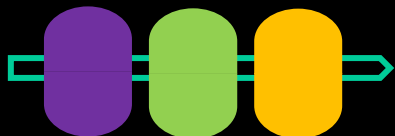
Shift in functional structure over time

- Herbivores – well-known driver of tropicalization.
- Invertivores – benefiting from turf algae food sources.

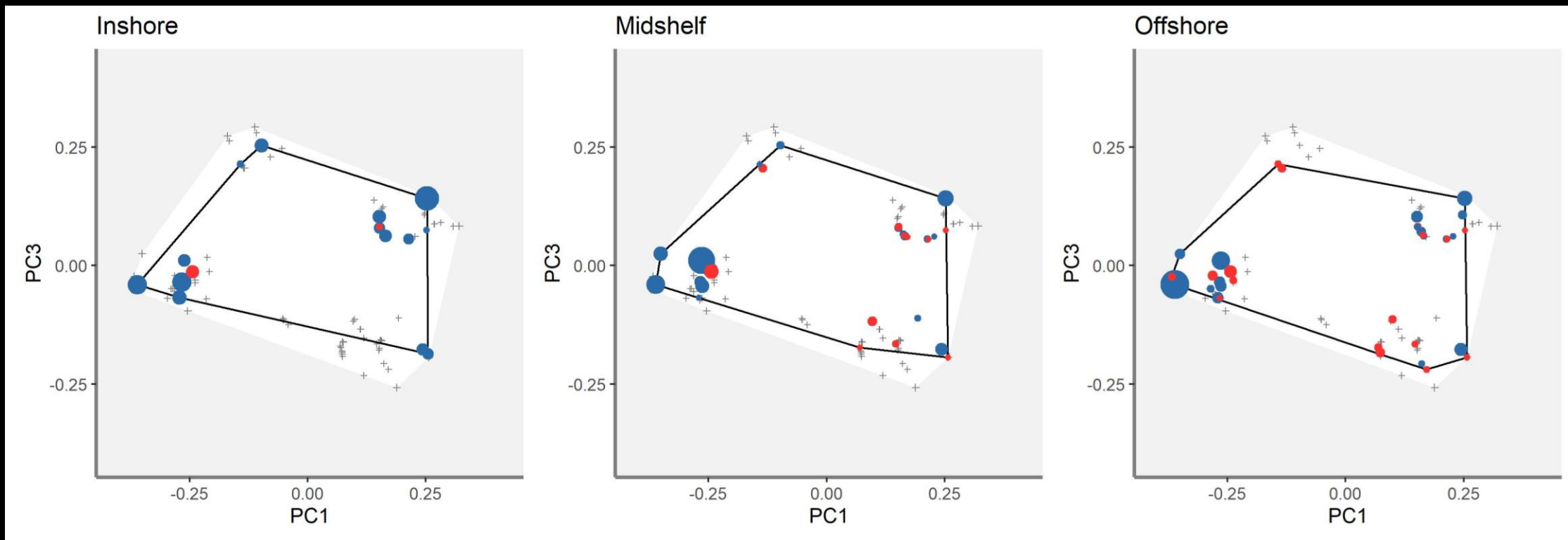


Shift in functional structure over time

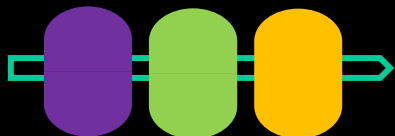
- Herbivores – well-known driver of tropicalization.
- Invertebrates – benefiting from turf algae food sources.
- Smaller species - impact in the ecosystem.
- Reshape food webs, impact productivity.
- Decrease in biomass?



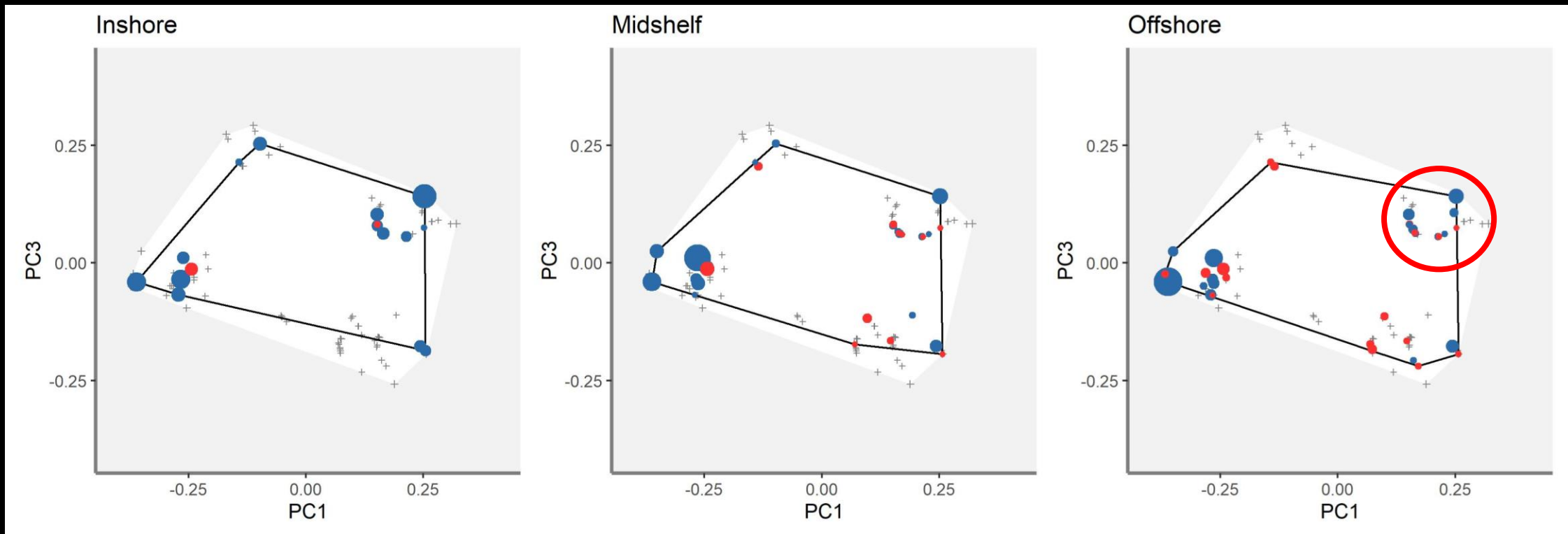
Functional richness



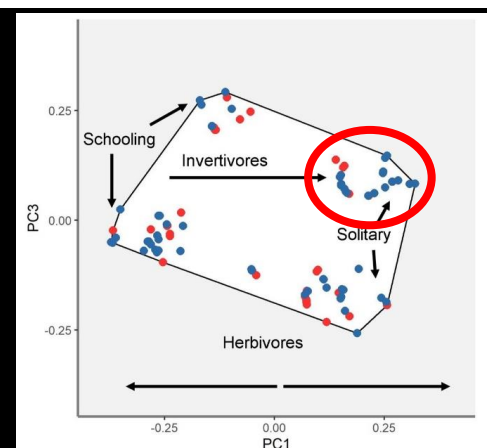
Increase ~ 6 times greater
than over time

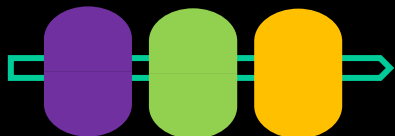


Functional richness

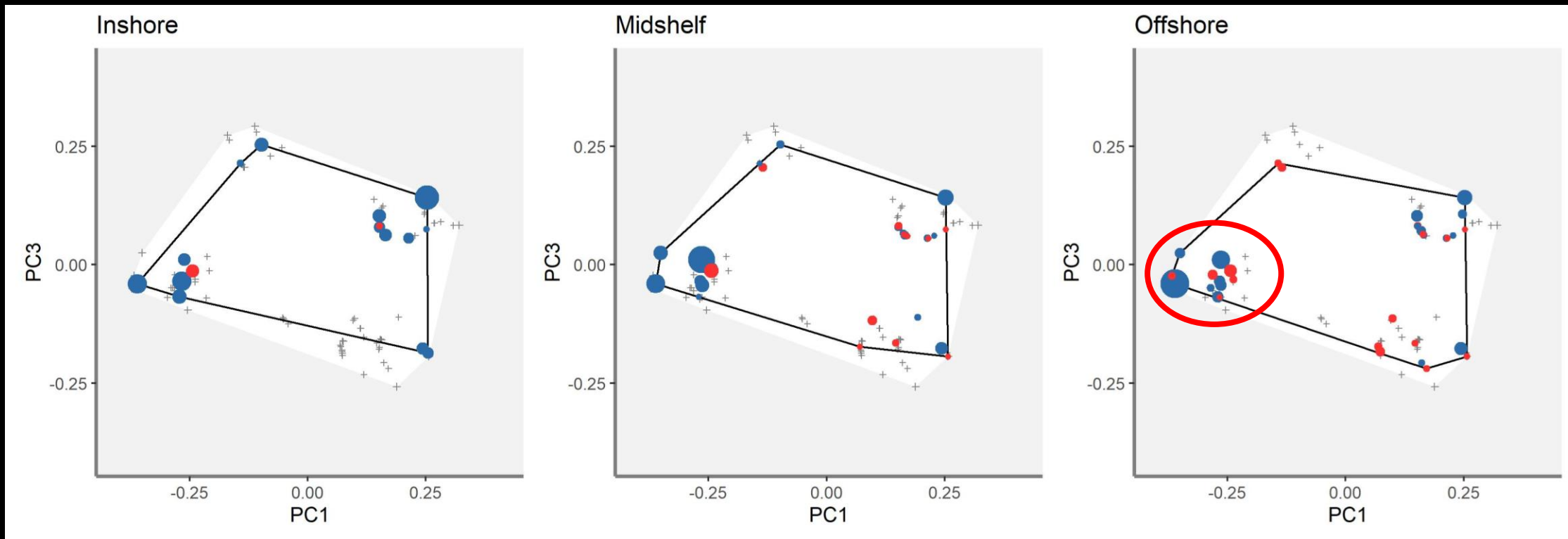


Invertivores



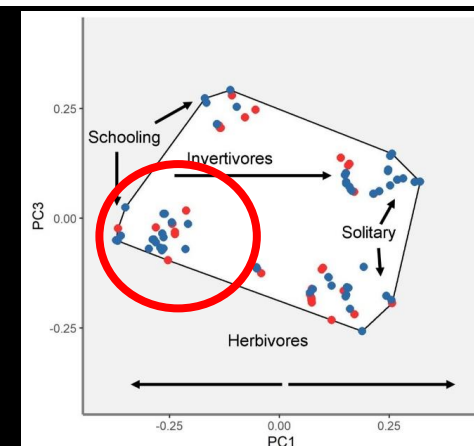


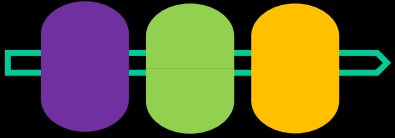
Functional richness



Invertivores

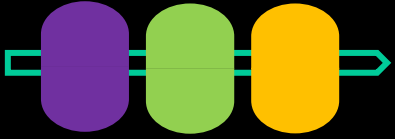
Herbivores and smaller zooplanktivores





Shift in functional structure across space

- Herbivores, invertivores, and planktivores – similar to temporal patterns.



Shift in functional structure across space

- Herbivores, invertivores, and planktivores – similar to temporal patterns.
- Smaller species - not significant but increase from inshore to offshore.

Take away messages

- Similar patterns of taxonomic and functional diversity over time and across space.
- Greater increase in functional diversity in offshore sites (“future”) than over time.
- Changes in benthic habitats may restrict or extend these shifts in functional structure.

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Thank you!

m.sgarlatta@unsw.edu.au



SALT Lab

FAMER Lab