

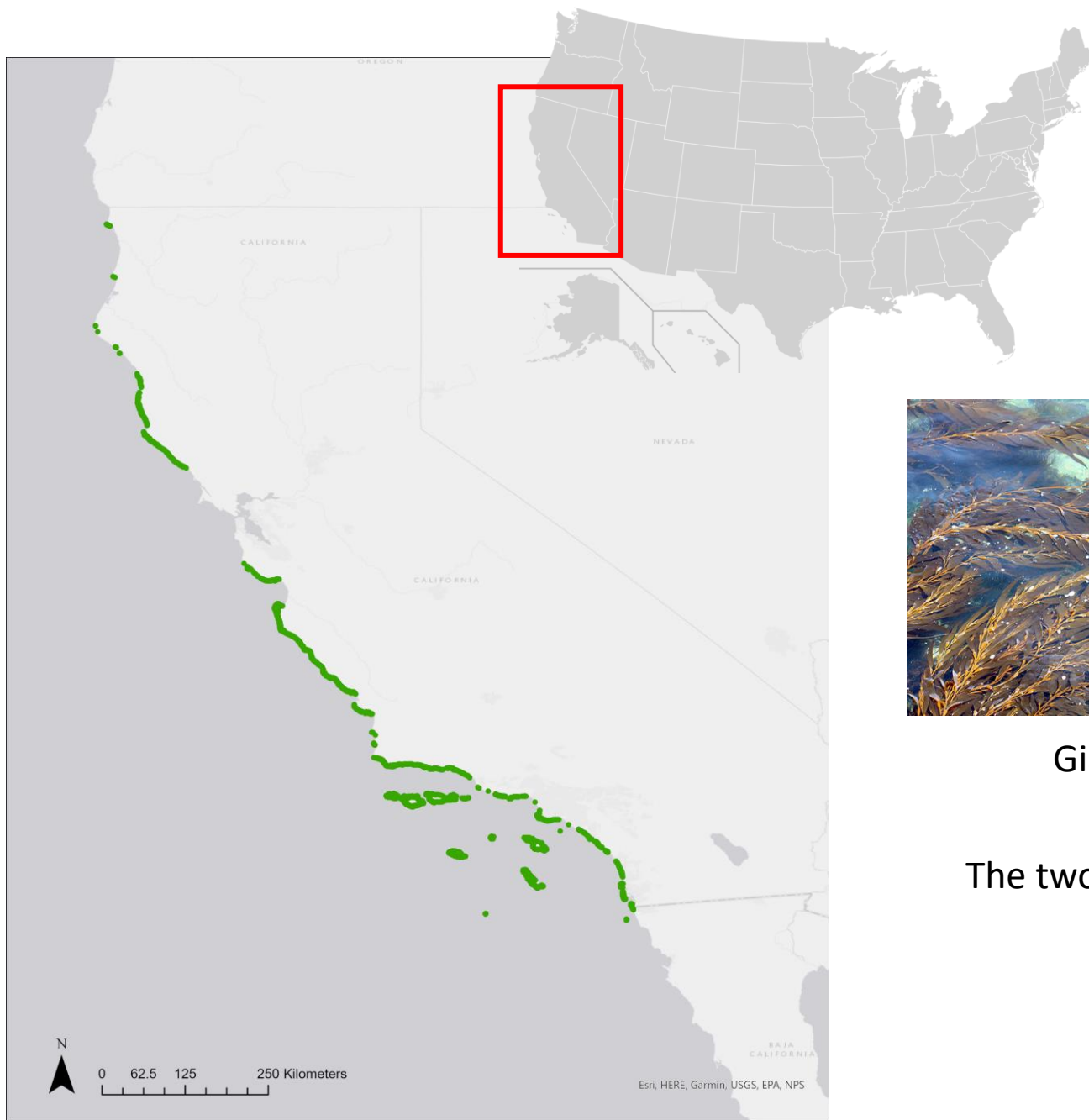


Evaluating kelp resistance and resilience in marine protected areas of California

Emelly Villa, Kyle Cavanaugh, Tom Bell, Jenn Caselle, Mark Carr,
Dan Malone, Kate Cavanaugh

ITRS

Tuesday January 10th, 2023



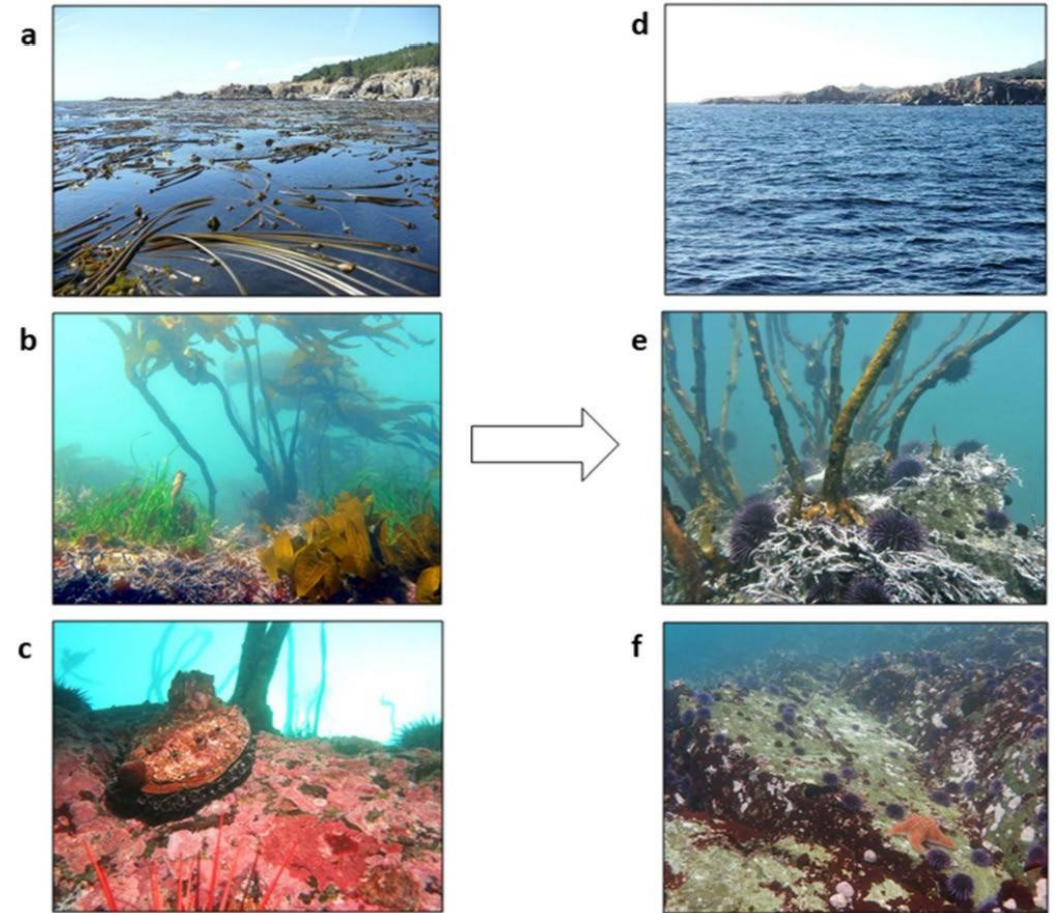
Giant Kelp



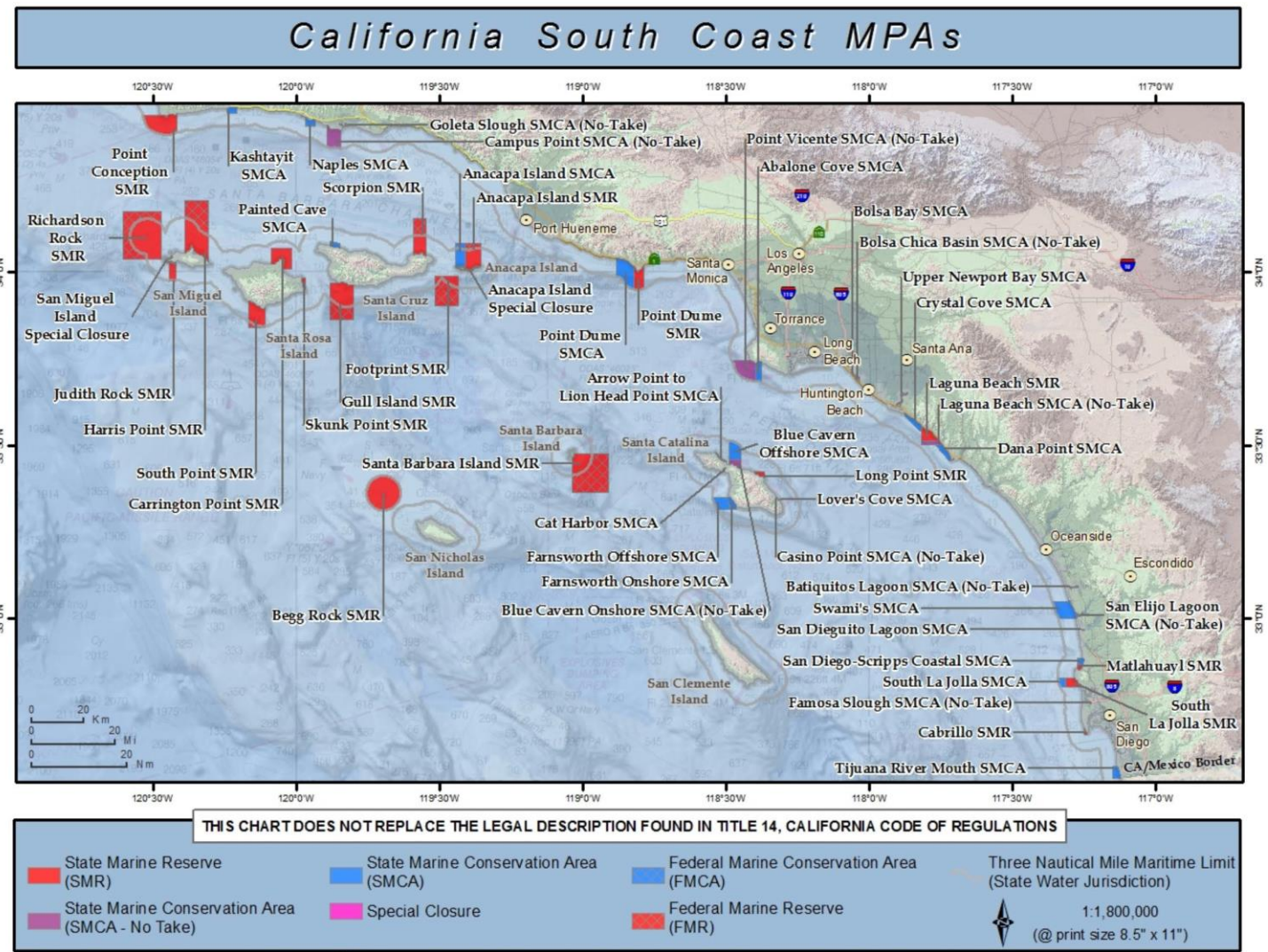
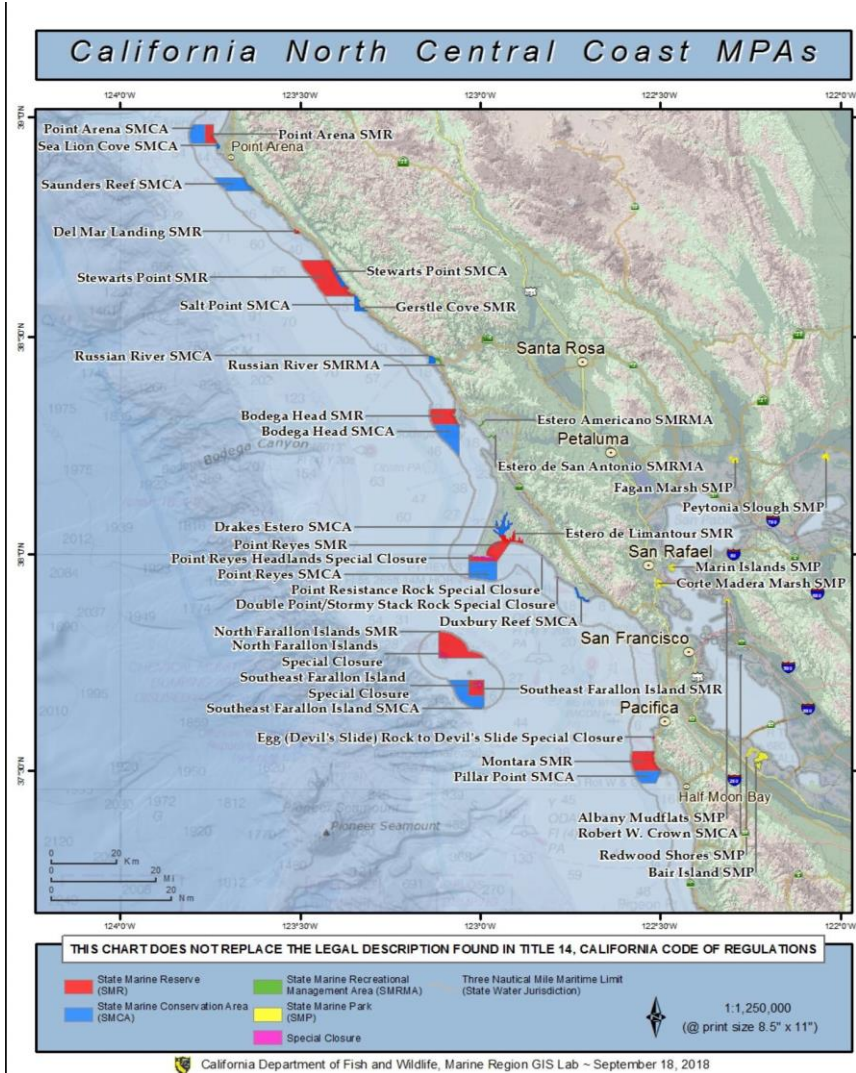
Bull Kelp

The two dominant macroalgae in the Northeast Pacific

→ The addition and removal of top predators which often results in dramatic changes in ecosystem structure and nutrient cycling



Marine Protected Areas (MPAs)



Do MPA's have an affect on kelp abundance in California?

Find a reference site

Resilience and resistance values of kelp canopy in MPAs

BACI analysis

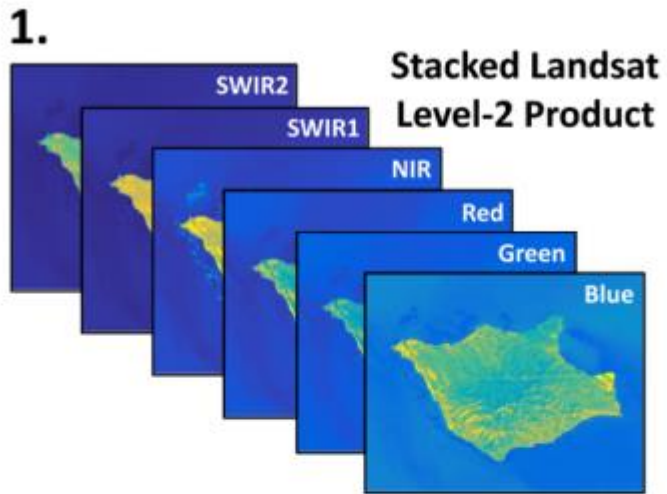
Do MPA's have an affect on kelp abundance in California?

Find a reference site

Resilience and resistance values of kelp canopy in MPAs

BACI analysis

Classifying Kelp with Landsat

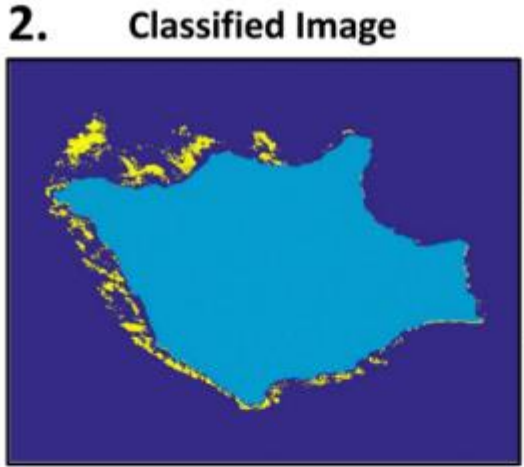


+



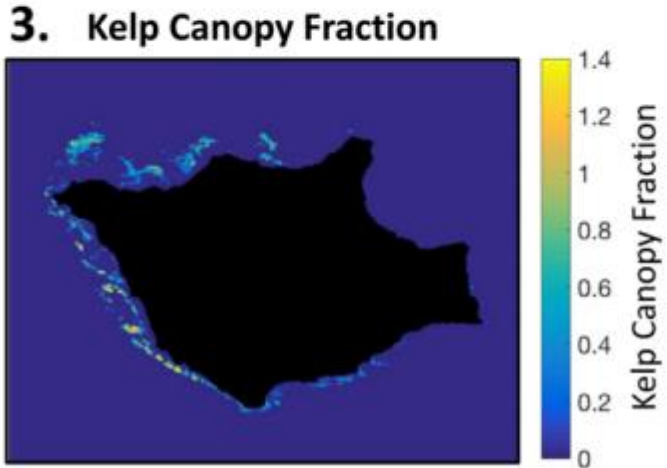
Binary Decision Tree Classification

A black arrow points from the input data in step 1 to the classified image in step 2.

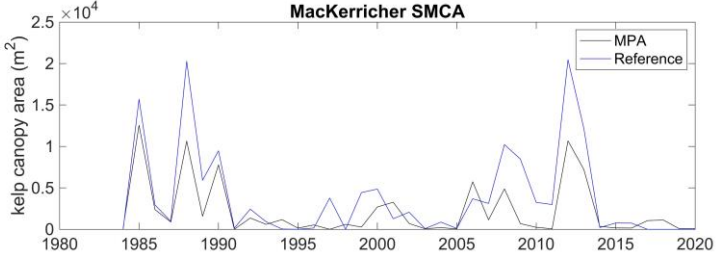


MESMA

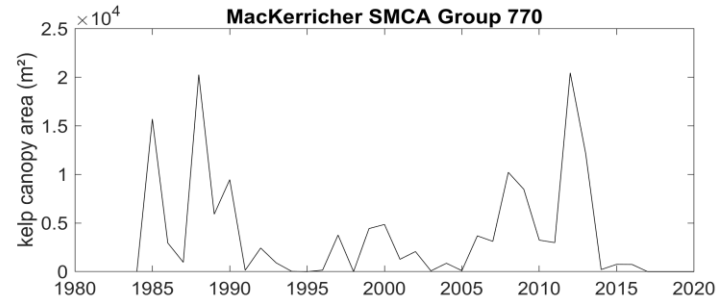
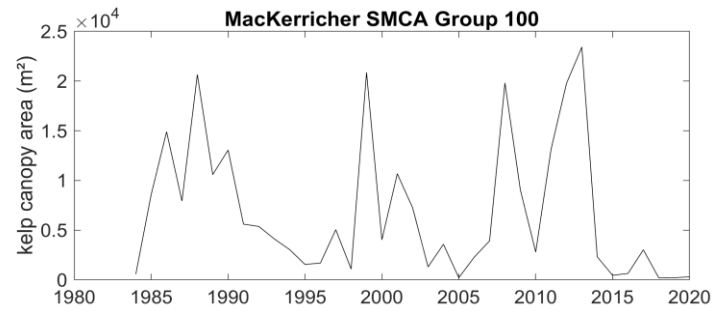
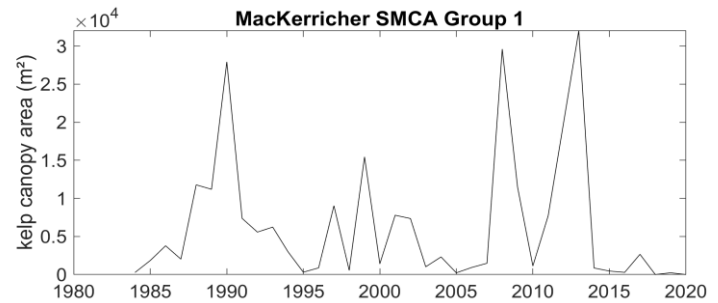
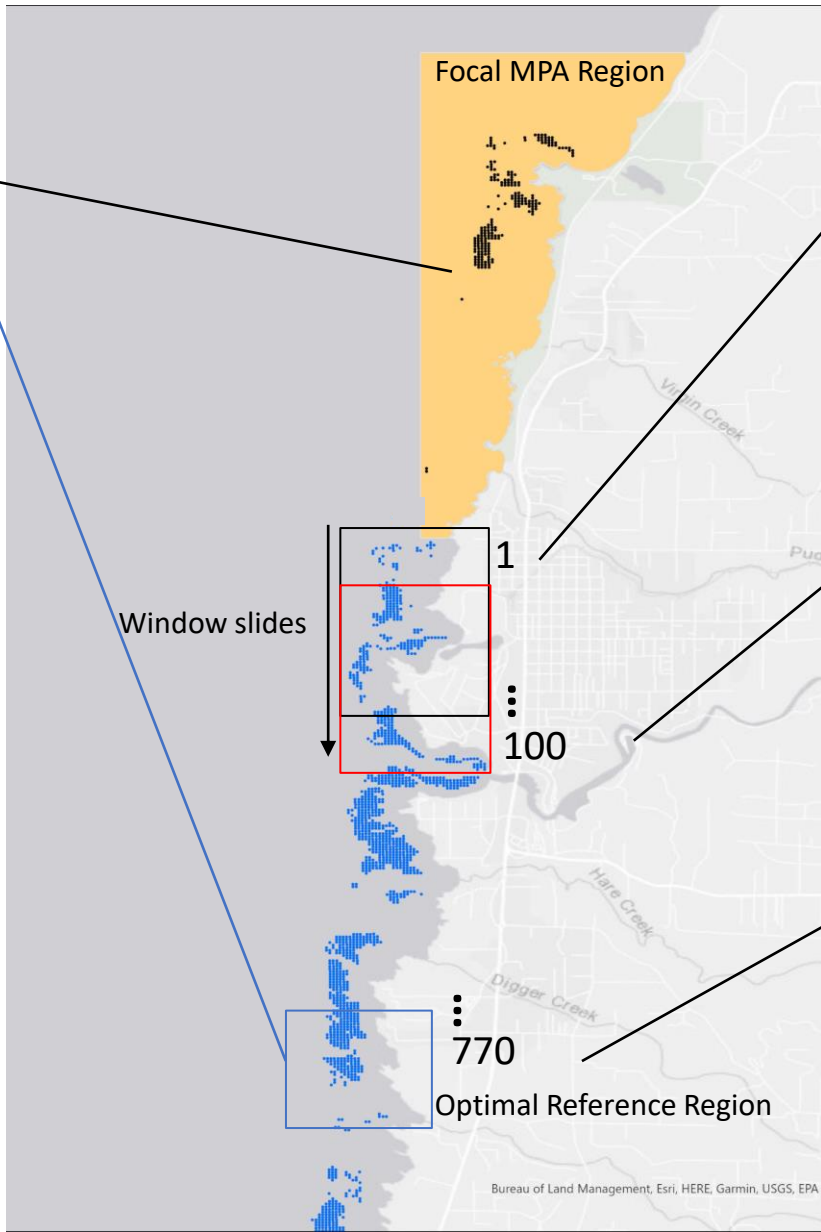
A black arrow points from the classified image in step 2 to the kelp canopy fraction map in step 3.



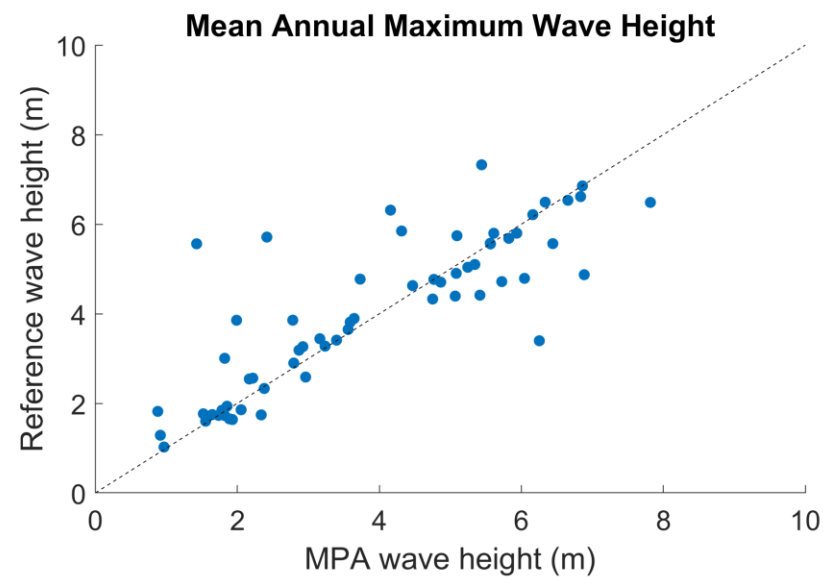
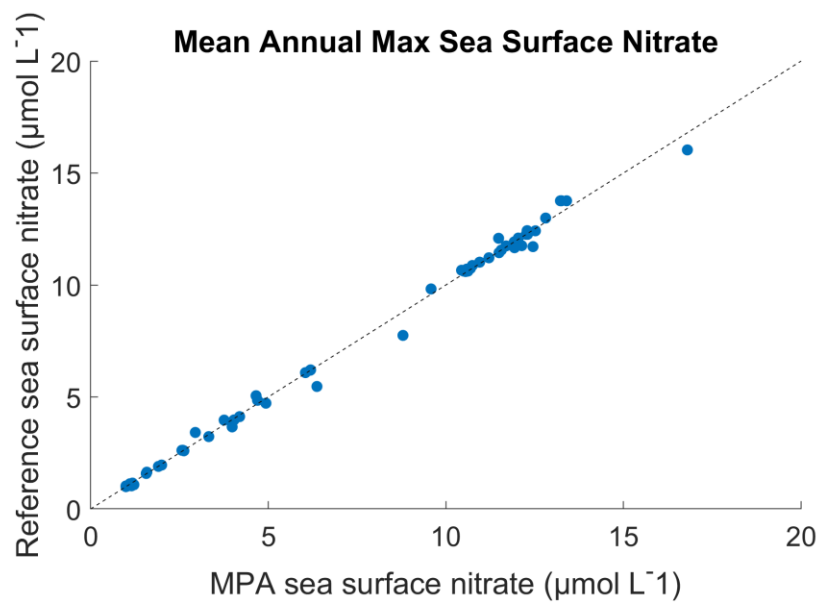
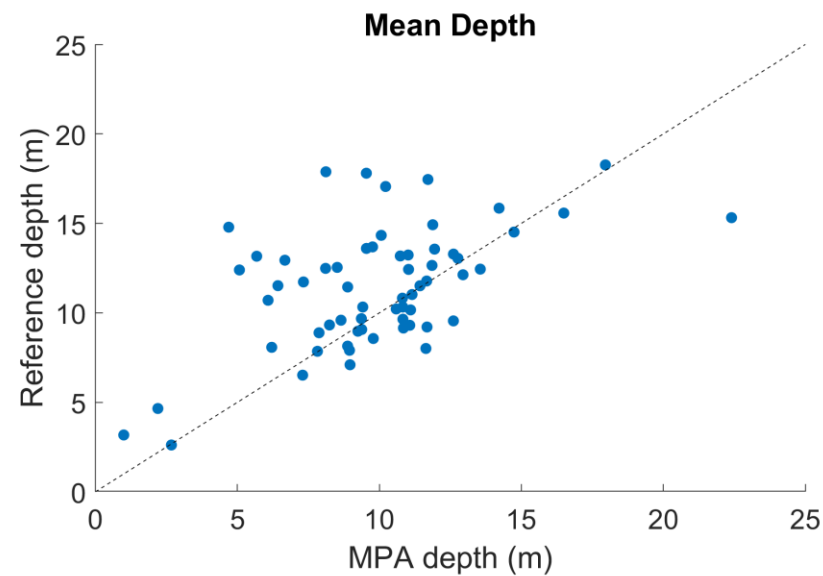
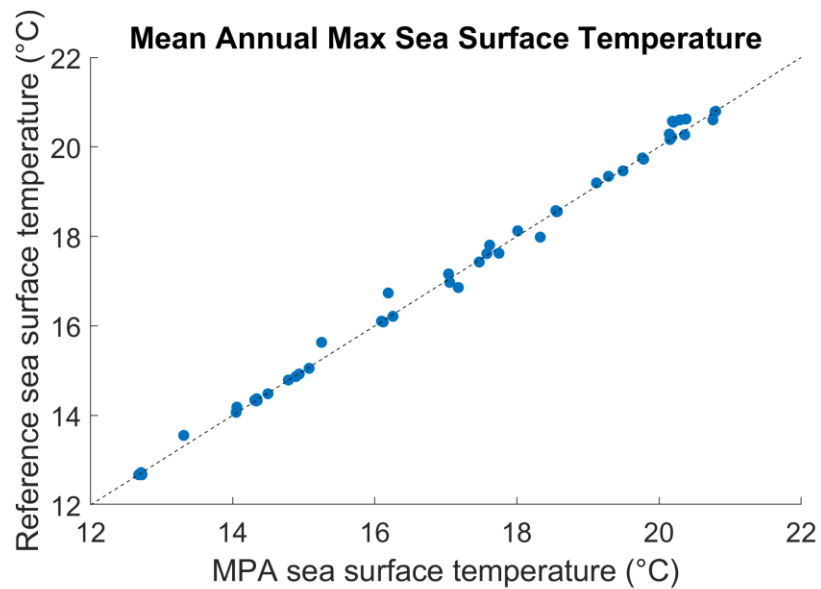
Method



- Satellite based time series of kelp abundance (1984-present)
- Reference site should follow a similar historical pattern to MPA



Reference Site selection Environmental Variables Validation



Do MPA's have an affect on kelp abundance in California?

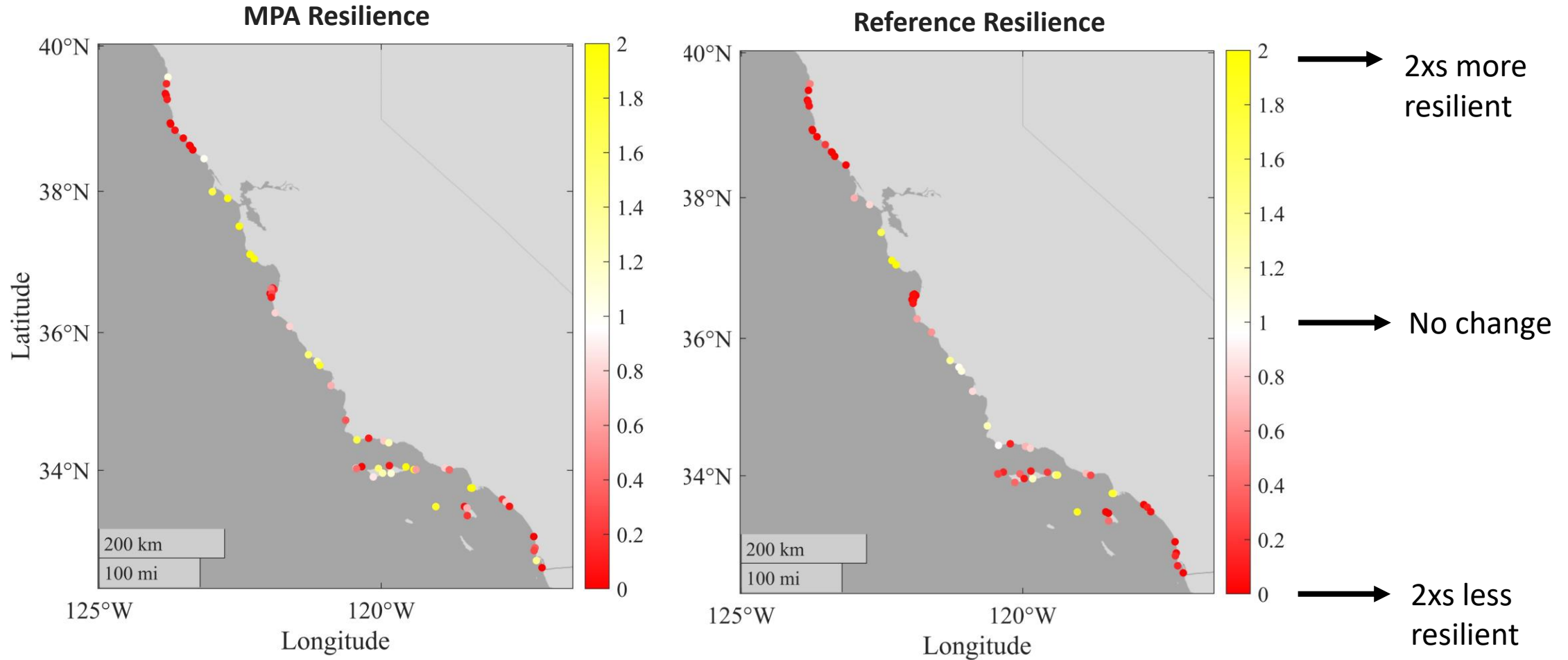
Find a reference site

Resilience and resistance values of kelp canopy in MPAs

BACI analysis

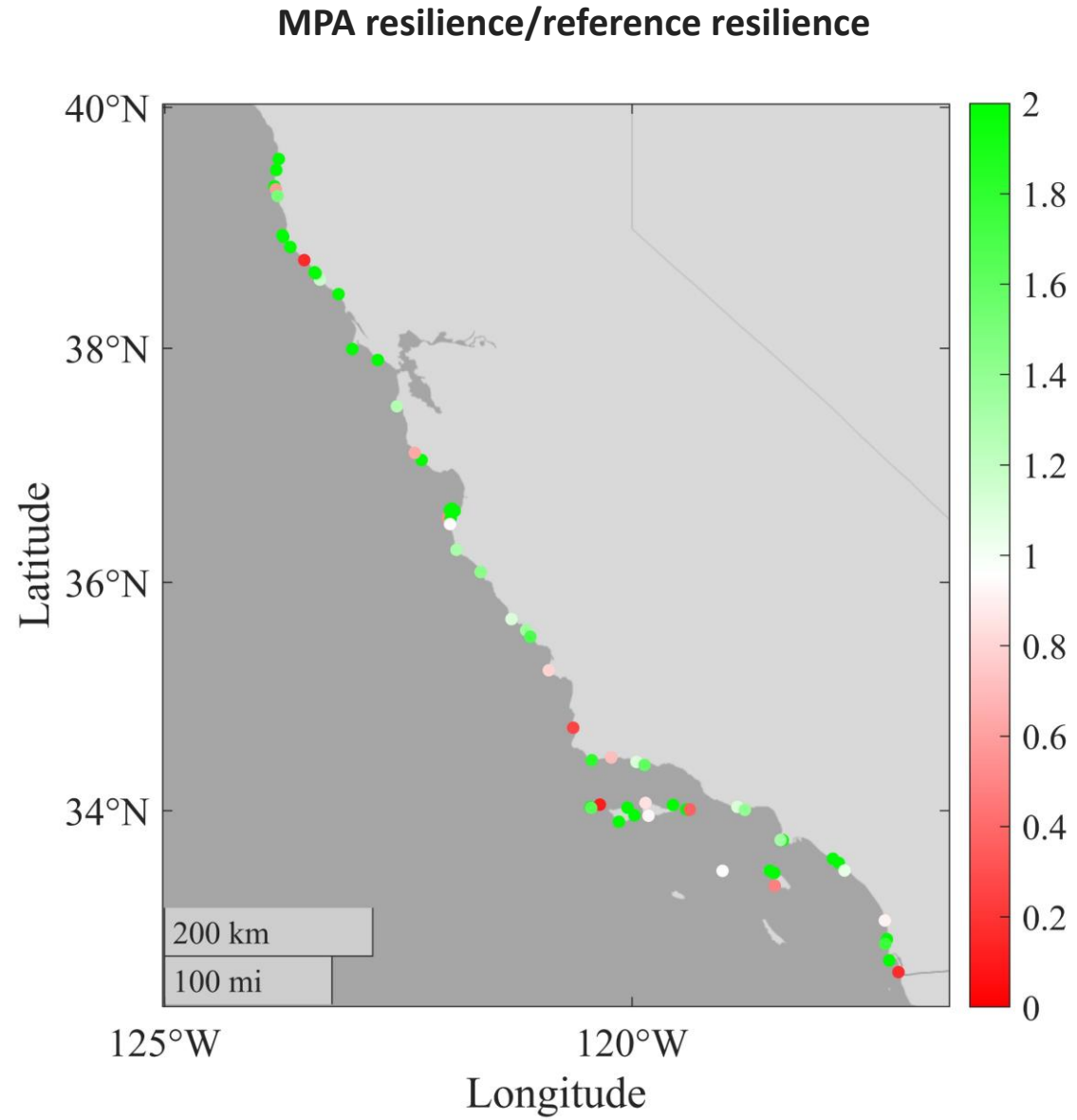
MPAs showed greater resilience to the 2014-2016 heatwave

N=55 paired MPA and reference sites

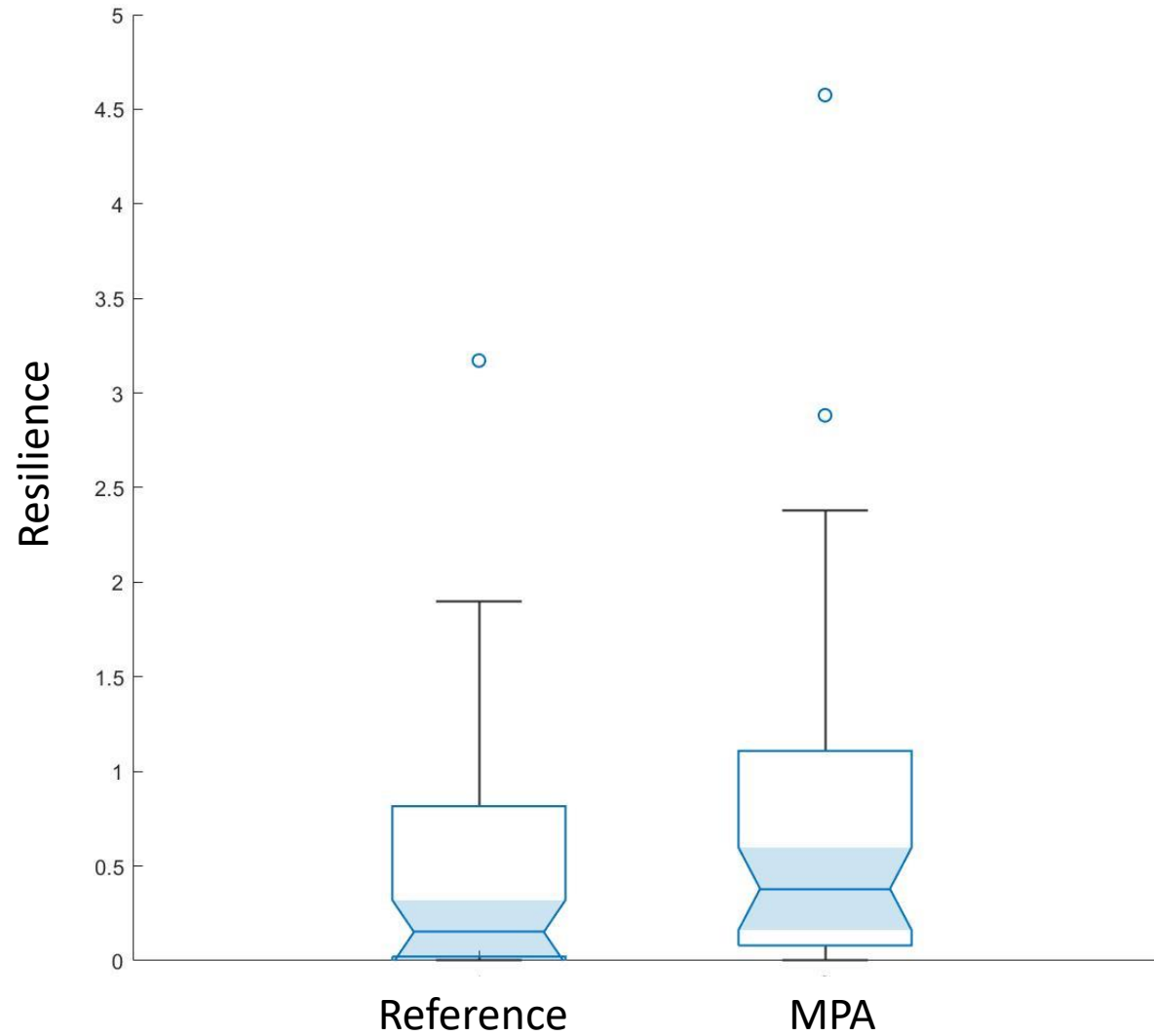


$$\text{Resilience} = \left(\frac{\text{mean annual maximum kelp canopy area from 2016-2020 (post heatwave)}}{\text{mean annual maximum kelp canopy area from 2004-2013 (pre heatwave)}} \right)$$

MPAs showed greater resilience to the 2014-2016 heatwave



MPAs showed greater resilience to the 2014-2016 heatwave



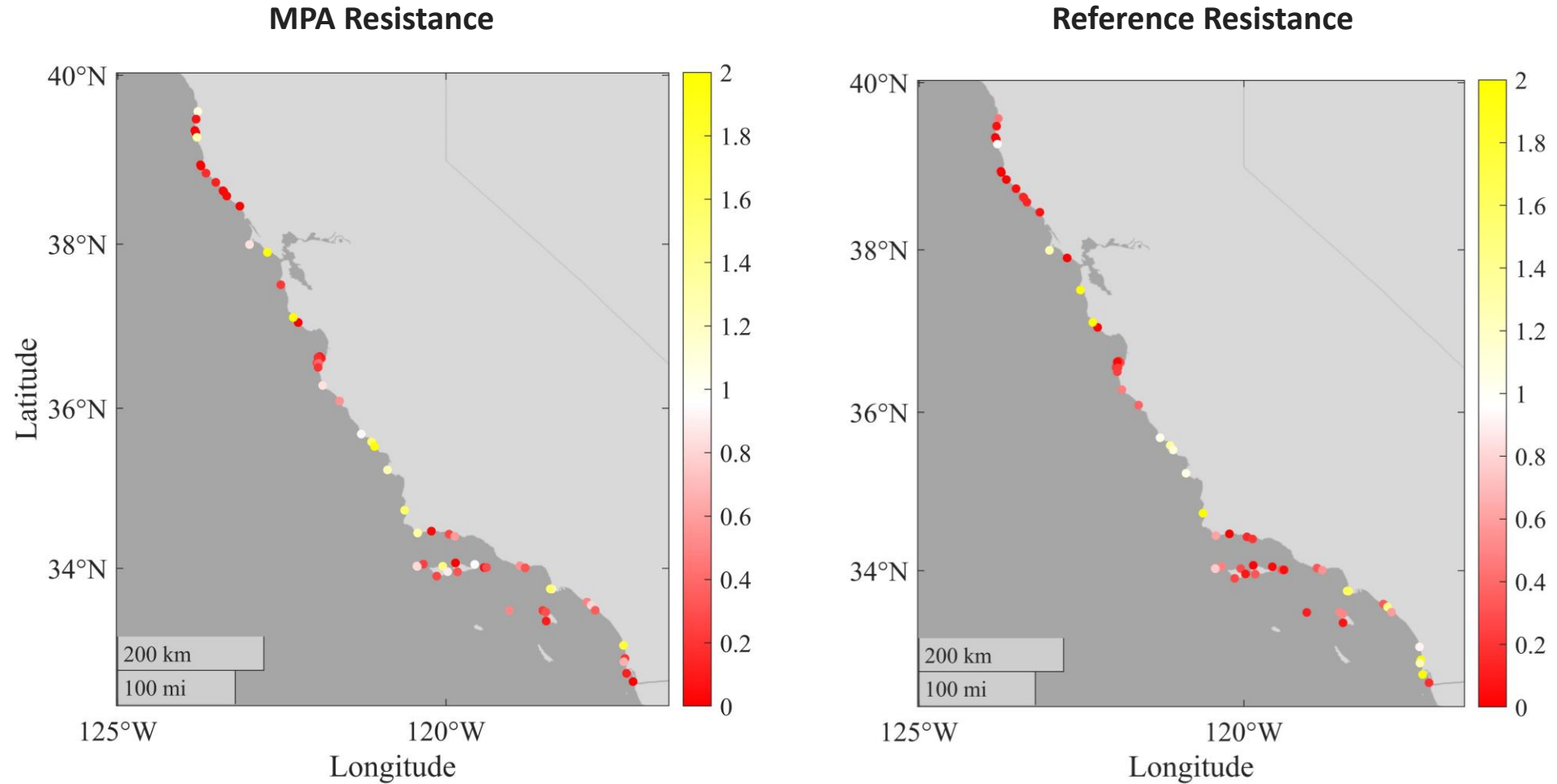
Kelp in MPAs are 2x more resilient

Median MPA: 0.60

Median Reference: 0.22

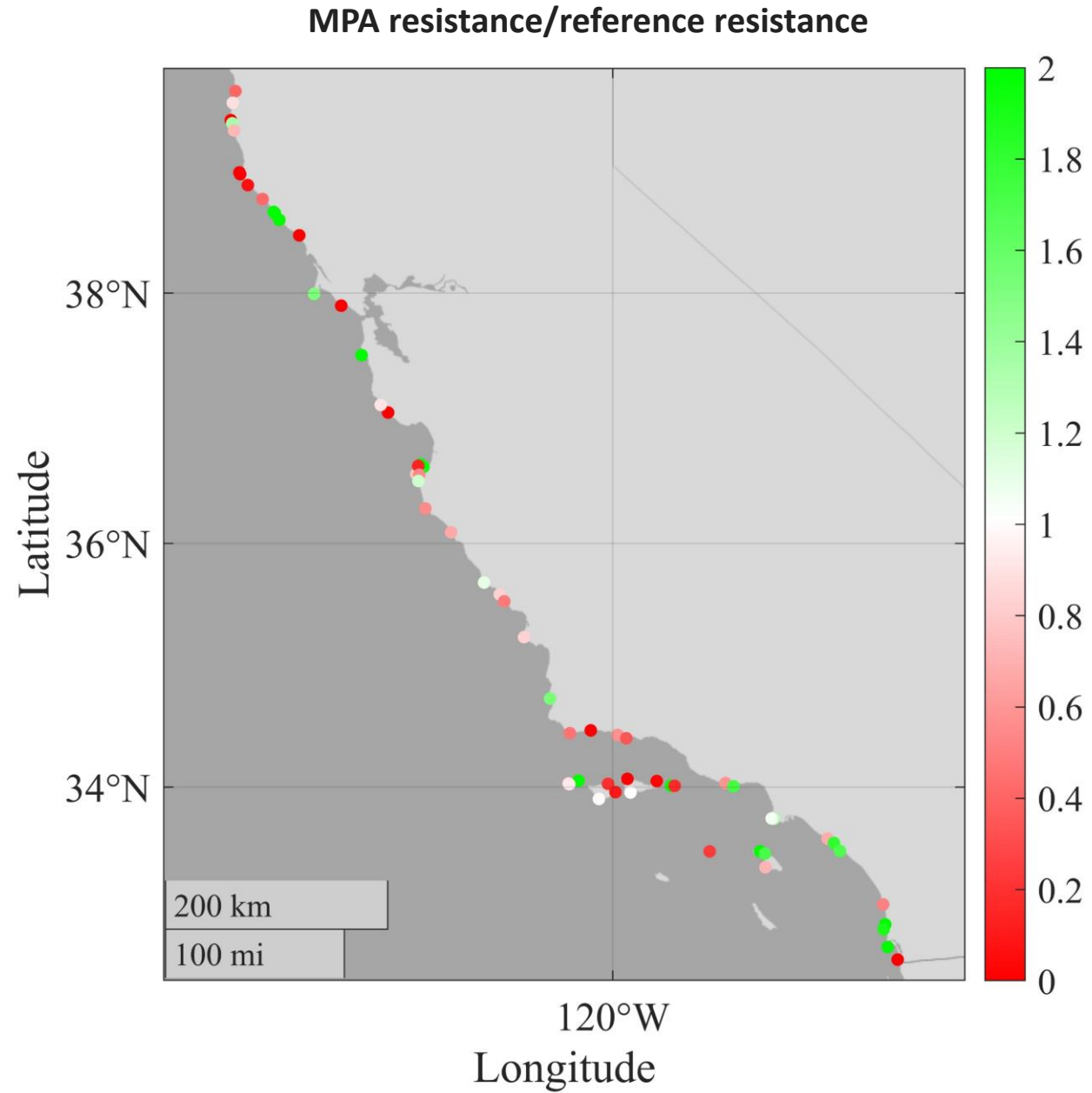
Resistance to the 2014-2016 heatwave

N=55 paired MPA and reference sites

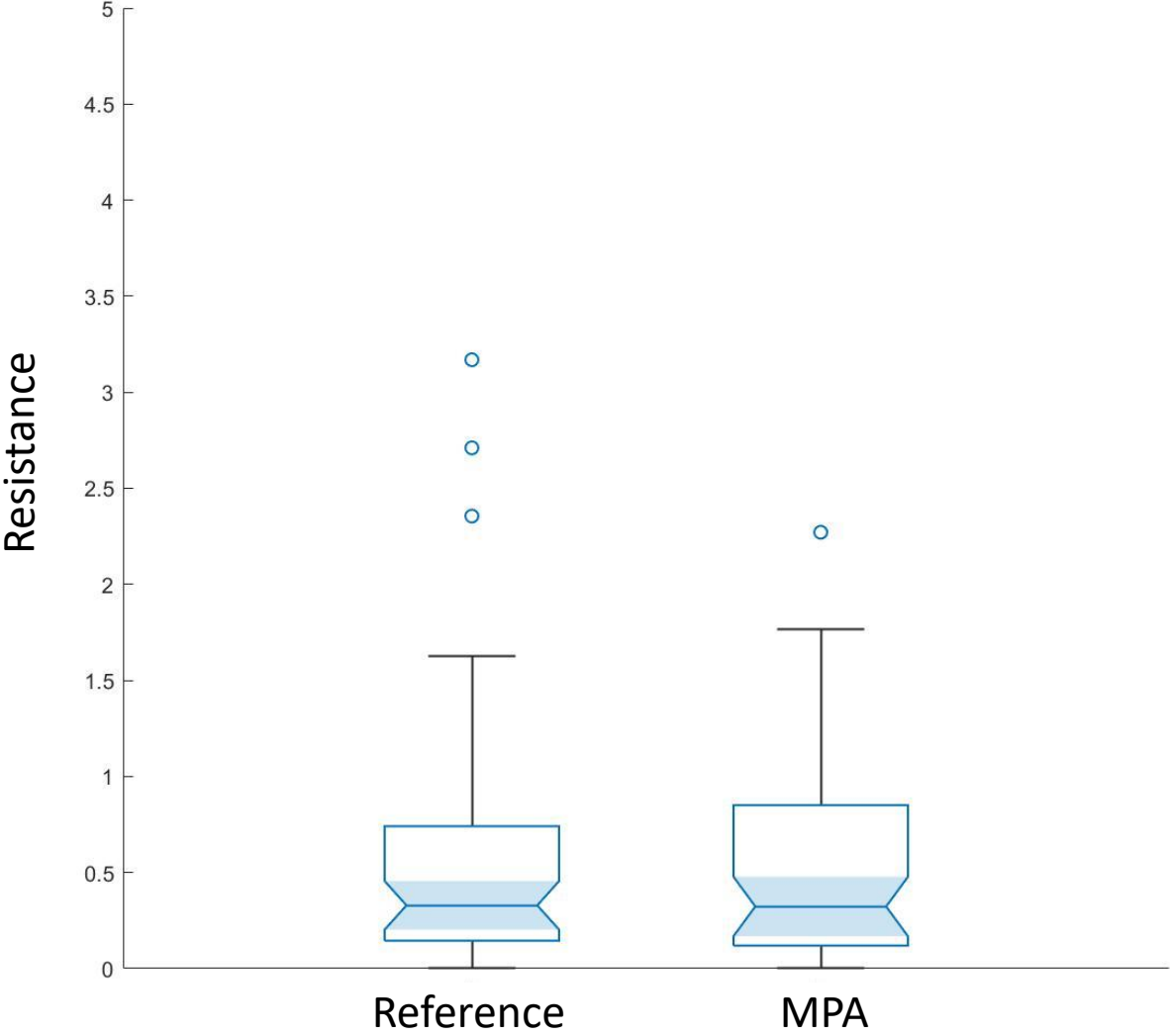


$$\text{Resistance} = \frac{\text{mean annual maximum kelp canopy area from 2014-2016 (during heatwave)}}{\text{mean annual maximum kelp canopy area from 2017-2020 (post heatwave)}}$$

No significant impact on MPAs in resistance



Resistance Rank Sum Test: Recovery from 2014-2016 heatwave at MPA wide Scale



Median MPA: 0.32

Median Reference: 0.33

Do MPA's have an affect on kelp abundance in California?

Find a reference site

Resilience and Resistance values of kelp canopy in MPAs

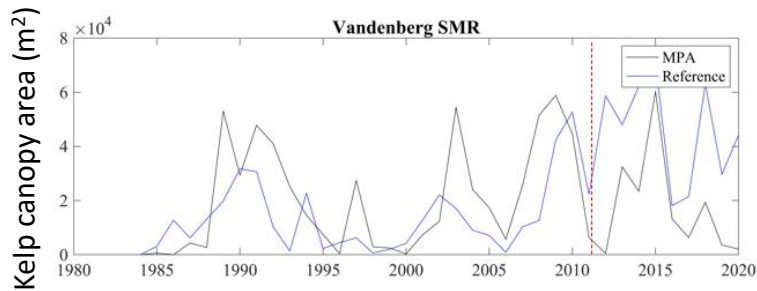
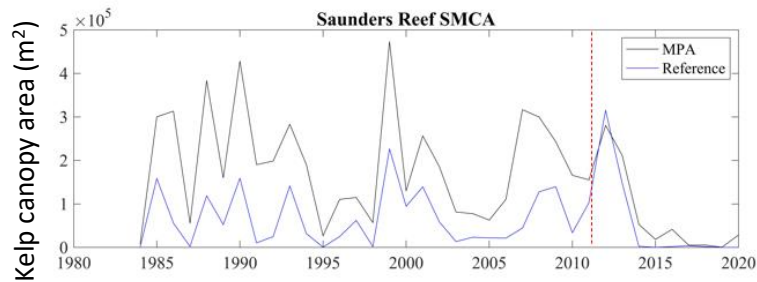
BACI analysis

BACI test shows no significant difference after MPA implementation

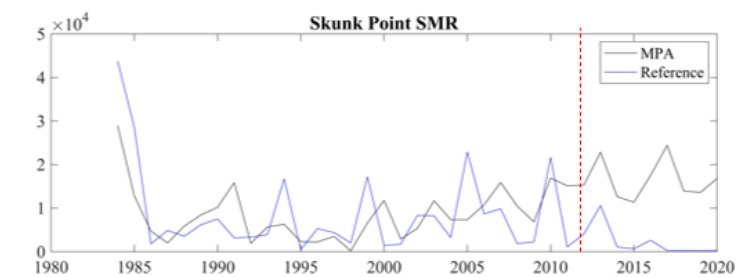
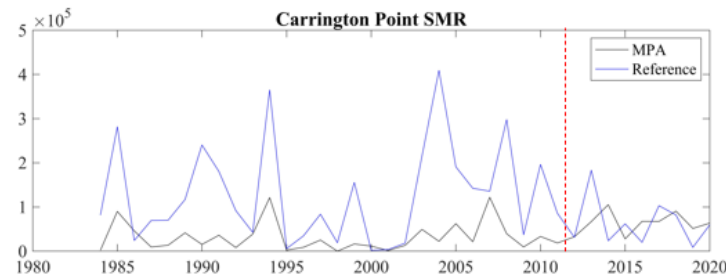
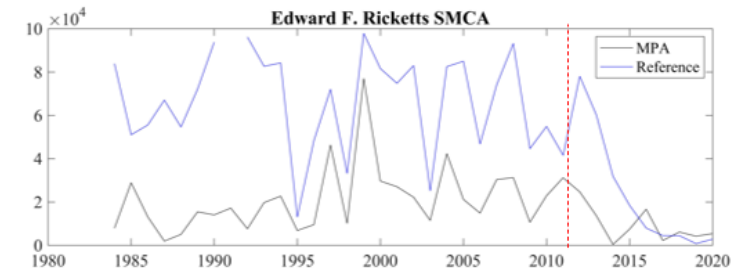
$$Value_{i,j} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 BA_i + \beta_2 CI_j + \beta_3 BA_i CI_j + \epsilon$$

Positive: Average difference from before to after is greater in the MPA site

2 negative average change



4 positive average change



Summary

- We developed a way to determine reference regions for MPA using satellite kelp data
- Calculated resilience and resistance for each MPA and their reference sites
- Kelp in MPAs are 2xs more resilient post heatwave than their reference sites
- There was no significant impact on MPAs in resistance
- BACI Test Shows no significant difference after MPA implementation

Acknowledgements



Santa Barbara Coastal
Long Term Ecological Research



Special Thanks:
Kyle Emory
Henry Houskeeper
Melanie Leung